

Energiekonzepte mit Köpfchen.



Von Top-Produkten bis hin zu persönlicher Beratung – für ein kluges Energiekonzept, das zu Ihnen passt.

- 78052 Villingen-Schwenningen
- +49 7705 9769690
- info@ganzheitliche-energiekonzepte.de
- www.ganz24.com

Alles im Blick

Produktinformationen

UPM3

1 x 230 V, 50/60 Hz



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1. General information



This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved.

Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.



Read this document before you install the product. Installation and operation must comply with local regulations and accepted codes of good practice.

Hazard statements

The symbols and hazard statements below may appear in Grundfos installation and operating instructions, safety instructions and service instructions.



DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious personal injury.



WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious personal injury.



CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate personal injury.

The hazard statements are structured in the following way:



SIGNAL WORD

Description of the hazard

Consequence of ignoring the warning

Action to avoid the hazard.

Notes

The symbols and notes below may appear in Grundfos installation and operating instructions, safety instructions and service instructions.



Observe these instructions for explosion-proof products.



A blue or grey circle with a white graphical symbol indicates that an action must be taken.



A red or grey circle with a diagonal bar, possibly with a black graphical symbol, indicates that an action must not be taken or must be stopped.



If these instructions are not observed, it may result in malfunction or damage to the equipment.



Tips and advice that make the work easier.

2. Pump versions

UPM3S

Pump type	Туре	External control	Internal control
UPM3S	XX-40/50/60	PWM A profile	-
UPM3S LIN	XX-60	LIN bus	-
UPM3S FLEX AS	XX-40/50/60	PWM A profile	CC/MAX
UPM3S AUTO	XX-60	-	PP/CP/CC/AA
UPM3S HYBRID	XX-60	PWM A/C profile	PP/CP/CC/AA

UPM3

Pump type	Туре	External control	Internal control
UPM3(K) (N)	XX-40/50/60/70/75	PWM A profile for XX-50/60 PWM C profile for XX-70/75	-
UPM3(K) LIN (N)	XX-75	LIN bus	-
UPM3(K) FLEX AS (N)	XX-50/70/75	PWM A profile	CC/MAX
UPM3(K) AUTO (N)	XX-50/70	-	PP/CP/CC/AA
UPM3(K) SOLAR	XX-75/105/145	PWM C profile	CC
UPM3(K) DHW	XX-20/50/70	PWM A profile	MAX
UPM3(K) HYBRID (N)	XX-50/70	PWM A/C profile	PP/CP/CC/AA

UPM3L

Pump type	Туре	External control	Internal control
UPM3L(K)	XX-75	PWM A profile	-
UPM3L(K) LIN	XX-75	LIN bus	-
UPM3L(K) FLEX AS	XX-75	PWM A profile	MAX
UPM3L(K) AUTO	XX-70	-	PP/CP/CC/AA
UPM3L(K) HYBRID	XX-70	PWM A/C profile	PP/CP/CC/AA

UPMO

Pump type	Туре	External control	Internal control
UPMO	XX-50/60/70	PWM A profile	CC/MAX

Other versions or housings with different dimensions, materials, design or functionality are available on request. Please contact your Grundfos HVAC OEM KAM

Abbrevations

PWM: Pulse-Width Modulation

PWM A/C: Externally controlled via PWM A or C profile

PP: Proportional pressure CP: Constant pressure CC: Constant curve

MAX: Maximum curve of PWM range

 $\mathsf{AA} \colon \mathsf{AUTO}_{ADAPT}$

LIN: LIN bus (VDMA 24226) N: Approved for drinking water **Applications**

3. Applications

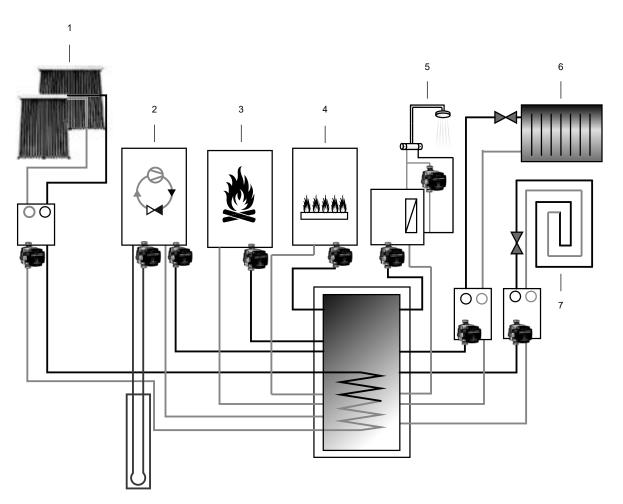
In a modern heating, cooling and domestic hot water supply system there are different circuits in which UPM3 pumps in different versions can be placed. A differentiation must be made between the heating (or cooling) production and the distribution.

On the production side there are some applications where pumps are used in primary or internal circuits e.g. for geothermal or solar thermal brine circuits.

The distribution side is often split into two circuits - a primary and a secondary circuit - in order to keep the flow and temperature independent from each other. A heat exchanger, a hydraulic separator or a buffer tank can be used for this separation.

For some heating generators (e.g. condensing boilers, heat pumps or district heating) it is important to keep the return temperature as low as possible. Therefore it is necessary to keep the right balance between flow in primary and secondary circuits. Without separator, the primary pump creates a differential pressure in the secondary circuits. A generator effect can happen in the secondary pump, from which UPM3 is protected.

The primary pump is mostly integrated into the heating appliance and controlled via a digital signal (e.g. PWM) to ensure the optimum operation of the boiler, for instance.



Complete domestic heating system combined with renewable energy sources

Pos.	Description
1	Solar charging kit
2	Geothermal heat pump
3	Solid fuel boiler
4	Gas fuel boiler

Pos.	Description
5	Freshwater station
6	Heating kit
7	Underfloor heating kit

Recommended pump type according to application

	Application	Recommended type
	Gas- or oil-fired space and combination heaters	UPM3, UPM3 LIN, UPM3 FLEX AS
	Solid fuel heaters	UPM3 FLEX AS, UPM3 AUTO
	Heat pumps (brine side)	UPM3(K), UPM3 LIN, UPM3(K) FLEX AS
Heat production or heat transmission side	Heat pumps (heating side)	UPM3, UPM3 LIN, UPM3 FLEX AS
	Mini combined heat and power cogeneration	UPM3, UPM3 LIN, UPM3 FLEX AS
	Thermal solar system (collector side)	UPM3(K) SOLAR
	District heating systems with heat exchanger	UPM3 FLEX AS, UPM3 AUTO
	Space heating systems	UPM3 AUTO, UPM3 HYBRID
	Space heating and cooling systems	UPM3(K) AUTO, UPM3(K) HYBRID
Heat distribution side	Domestic hot water generation (heating side)	UPM3 FLEX AS
	Domestic hot water generation (DW side)	UPM3(K) DHW
	Domestic hot water recirculation	UPM3 DHW

Gas- or oil-fired space and combination heaters

Most of the installed systems for space and water heating in building services are still using fossil fuels such as natural gas or mineral oil, although the use of gas and liquid fuels out of biomass is increasing. Heaters with higher water content, such as floor-standing boilers, are heated independent of the actual flow. Heaters as wall-mounted boilers are only fired when there is a minimum flow through the primary heat exchanger. In a combiboiler, the pump supplies both the heating system and the hot water supply.

More and more of these heaters are condensing boilers temperature-controlled by a weather-compensating system controller with different time programs, which means the central heating water temperature is often lower than the domestic hot water temperature. In systems with domestic hot water supply either as combination heaters with integrated DHW supply or with external DHW tank or heat exchanger there is a need to increase the medium temperature temporarily above DHW temperature level. In small residential buildings, the heating demand for DHW is higher than for space heating. Internal (or external) pumps for these primary circuits must be controlled by the needs of the heaters to optimise the combustion conditions and the condensation process. Often this can only be guaranteed by using a variablespeed pump with external control signal from the boiler controller.

Solid fuel heaters

As most of these heaters use wood biomass such as pellets, split logs or wood chips, they can be seen as renewable energy and ${\rm CO_2}$ neutral. These heaters are mostly reacting slowly on different heat demands. For this reason, the liquid temperature might increase and there is a need for keeping the flow constant and for storing the energy in a buffer tank.

Heat pumps

Different types of heat pumps are on the market:

- Compressor heat pumps with electric or combustion motors
- Sorption heat pumps. Sorption is a physical-chemical process where either a liquid or a gas is absorbed by another liquid (absorption) or is retained by the surface of a solid object (adsorption). Both processes are reversible and only occur under certain conditions through physical effects (pressure, temperature).
 Often a pump with customised specification is installed inside such a process unit.

Primary pumps are depending on the heat transmission principle:

 Air-to-air heat pumps are often used in airconditioning systems

No pump is used.

Air-to-water heat pumps for space heating and cooling or water heating

The heat source is mainly outdoor air down to an outside temperature of minus 20 °C. Its energy is mainly extracted directly by a fan-supplied air evaporator of the heat pump. Sometimes there is a primary brine circuit between an outdoor air unit and a brine-to-water heat pump. This circuit is circulated by a pump that must stand liquid temperatures down to minus 20 °C.

Water-to-water heat pumps for space heating and cooling or water heating

The energy source can be groundwater between 7 and 12 °C. Groundwater is extracted mainly via a submersible pump in a supply well and returned via a return well. If its water quality is not guaranteed, there is a primary circuit between a heat exchanger and the heat pump. This circuit is circulated by a pump that must stand liquid temperatures down to plus 2 °C.

Brine-to-water heat pumps for space heating and cooling or water heating

Horizontal ground collectors or probes set vertically into the ground deliver the ground-stored solar energy via a mixture of water and antifreeze (brine) to the evaporator of the heat pump. This circuit is circulated by a pump that must stand liquid temperatures down to plus 2 °C or lower. For smaller heat pumps with a minimum brine temperature of +2 °C, we recommend UPM3K with PWM signal input.

The secondary pumps do not differ much from boiler applications. The liquid temperature is normally not above 60 °C, the differential temperature is mostly small, e.g. ΔT 5K. Constant-speed compressor heat pumps often require constant flow and long cycle times. A buffer tank can prolong the cycle time and make the flow through the heat pump independent of the flow in the heating distribution circle. Variable-speed compressors often go together with a variable-speed pump, which should be externally controlled by the heat pump controller.

Micro/Mini combined heat and power cogeneration

Cogeneration of heat and power (CHP) can be divided into combustion engines, stirling engines and fuel cells. Dosing and pumps with customised specification are often installed inside the fuel cell process unit. Used secondary pumps are not that different from boiler applications. However, vibrations, liquid temperature and ambient temperature can be relatively high. Often a constant flow is required, therefore a buffer tank is an advantage.

Thermal solar system

Solar collectors convert sunlight into heat that can be used for heating or domestic hot water supply of buildings. The primary circuit is only in use if there is a positive temperature difference between the collector and the heat exchanger or tank. In pressurised thermal solar systems, pumps must stand glycol-based solar liquids with a high temperature range from +2 °C up to 110 °C with short peaks of up to 130 °C. Rarely, during startup of the system, the liquid temperature can cause condensation in the pump. For this reason, the UPM3 SOLAR has a drain hole, which must point downwards. The required flow and head can vary depending on the sizing of the system components. In a drain-back system the pump must be able to fill up the system each time it starts, which means that the head must be as high as the geodetic height of the system top.

UPM3 SOLAR is designed to be integrated in all kinds of thermal solar systems with either variable (matched-flow) or constant flow. High-efficiency ECM pumps such as UPM3 must not be speed-controlled by an external speed controller varying or pulsing the supply voltage. The speed can be controlled by a low-voltage PWM C signal from a solar controller in order to optimise the solar harvesting and the temperature of the system. Additionally, the power consumption of the pump will be reduced considerably. If no PWM signal is available, UPM3 SOLAR can be set to constant speed, only switched on and off by the controller.

District heating systems with heat exchanger

District heating systems supply all kinds of buildings with space heating and domestic hot water centrally or by flat stations. In systems with heat exchangers, the secondary pumps do not differ much from boiler applications, because system pressure and temperature values are equal.

Space heating systems

The secondary pump is often a self-controlled stand-alone pump, which can be mounted in a heating kit, and responds to the changing flow demand of heat consumers like radiators or underfloor heating circuits. Providing the best operating conditions for all components, hydraulic balancing is important for well-performing hydraulic systems. Especially in two-pipe heating systems with thermostatic valves, hydraulic balancing helps to avoid noises, oversupply, undersupply, too high pump performance, and saves energy. If an automatic bypass valve is installed to ensure a minimum flow, you must adjust the differential pressure control of the pump in a way to ensure the function of the automatic bypass valve. For example, select a constant pressure curve that is higher than the differential pressure of the valve. The maximum liquid temperature and differential temperature depends on the system design. T_{max} is normally from 30 to 90 °C. ΔT is between 5 and 20 K.

Combined space heating and cooling systems

Floor-heating or ceiling-cooling systems together with reversible heat pumps can heat rooms in winter and reduce the temperature of the room air by 4 to 6 degrees in summer with one system. When cooling the system, the liquid temperature must be kept above the dew point of the air to avoid condensing on the cooled floor, walls or ceilings. Condensation can occur in the pump occasionally. For this reason, it is recommended to use UPM3K pumps in such systems.

Domestic hot water generation

In indirect heated DHW systems, the pump can be placed on both sides of the heat exchanger. In a DHW cylinder, potable water is stored and usually heated indirectly by primary heating water from the boiler either by an external plate heat exchanger or by an internal indirect coil. Especially in renewable energy sourced systems, the primary heating water is stored and instant hot water is created by fresh water stations.

Domestic hot water recirculation

Hot water recirculation pumps circulate the potable water on the secondary side from the taps back to the water heater to ensure comfort and to avoid legionella. All pumps that come into contact with drinking water must be approved to be suitable for drinking water. UPM3 DHW are offered with either stainless steel or PPS housings, which are approved by KTW (DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR) and WRAS (GB).

UPM3 - externally controlled variants

This pump range is designed for integration in boilers and other heating appliances with remote control of the speed, corresponding to UPM3 and UPM3 LIN variants.

UPM3 - HYBRID variants

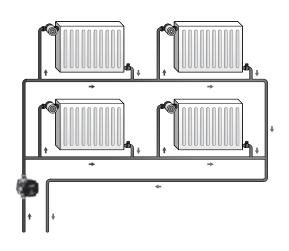
This pump range with operating panel is designed for several purposes:

- The internal-controlled variant can be used in heating appliances as stand-alone or replacement pump, for example in heating kits.
- The remote-controlled variant can be integrated in boilers and other heating appliances where the speed is changed, corresponding to low-voltage PWM signal input.
- · A combination of both.

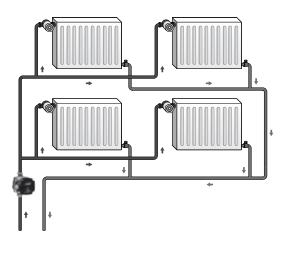
The internal-controlled variants are suitable for the following systems:

- Systems with constant or slightly variable flows such as one-pipe heating systems
- Systems with variable flows such as two-pipe heating systems with thermostatic valves for radiators or underfloor heating.

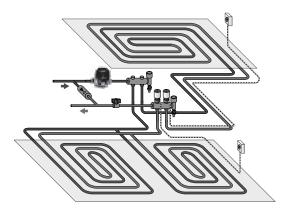
Examples of systems



One-pipe heating system



Two-pipe heating system



Underfloor heating system



4. Features and benefits

Features

- Speed-controlled, high-efficiency pump fitted with electronically commutated motor (ECM) with permanent-magnet rotor and frequency converter.
- Either externally controlled by digital pulse-width modulation (PWM) low-voltage signal, LIN bus signal or internally controlled in constant pressure, proportional pressure or constant speed mode defined by the means of a smart operating panel or factory presetting.
- Smart Hydro Block (SHB): An integrated diverter valve making the pump able to switch between central heating and domestic hot water circuits. The SHB is controlled by the pump.
- · Hydronic balancing with Grundfos GO Balance.
- Third generation of the first boiler-integrated, variable-speed ECM pumps which combines both validated and newly developed components and concepts.
- Highly reliable as more than 20,000,000 UPM units have been installed with success since 2006.
- · Fits into existing boiler ranges.
- Cost-optimised and reliably available due to new established mass production facilities.
- Energy-optimised due to improved hydraulic and motor efficiency.

Benefits

- Use up to 87% less electrical power than conventional constant-speed pumps.
- Use up to 68% less electrical power than conventional speed-controlled pumps.
- Use up to 25% less electrical power than the first generation of ECM pumps.

UPM3 and UPM3 HYBRID variants

- UPM3 is the first Grundfos high efficiency pump with the terminal box in front and access to a mechanical deblocking device.
- UPM3 is the first Grundfos high efficiency pump for high ambient and media temperature of up to 70 °C / 110 °C.
- UPM3 is the first Grundfos high efficiency, PWM controlled pump with an EEI below benchmark level of EEI ≤ 0.20.
- UPM3 is the first Grundfos OEM pump with TE Superseal connectors for power and signal supply.
- UPM3 AUTO is the first Grundfos self-controlled pump with constant pressure AUTO_{ADAPT} mode, which can be used in underfloor heating systems.
- UPM3 HYBRID is the first hybrid version of externally and internally controlled, high efficiency Grundfos pumps.

 UPM3 LIN is the first Grundfos LIN bus pump for appliance-integrated communication.

UPM3K

- The UPM3K pump range is designed for condensing applications with media below ambient temperature.
- The stator housing is CED electrocoated with one drain hole in two possible positions, as IPX4D.
- The minimum admissible media temperature can be down to -10 °C.

UPM3S

- The UPM3S pump range is designed for integration in boilers and other heating appliances with limited performance up to 6 m / 42 W.
- Its rotor is injection-moulded with PPS bonded hard ferrite magnetic particles.

UPM3L(K)

- The UPM3L pump range is designed for integration in boilers and other heating appliances with extended performance up to 7.5 m / 75 W.
- The ambient temperature is limited to 55 °C.
- The media temperature is limited to 95 °C (TF95).

UPMO

- UPMO pumps are designed for replacement in systems that use old hydraulic interfaces with UP/ UPO, UPS/UPSO, UPR/UPRO, UPER/UPERO pump heads.
- The UPMO pump head fits most of the existing small UP15 housings that are used in IWC or hydro blocks, as well as customised or standard housings made of composite, cast iron, bronze or stainless steel.
- UPMO can be used as ErP conform replacement for asynchronous integrated or stand-alone pumps in existing heating systems.
- UPMO can be used with internal control mode constant pressure.
- UPMO is equipped also with PWM interface using PWM profile A.
- The performance of UPMO pumps might be different from the performance of the pumps that should be replaced. The power consumption is significantly lower, the PWM signal is not compatible. Grundfos HVAC OEM together with the OEM customer have to check in a validation process, if successful replacement is possible.
- UPMO is fulfilling all CE requirements, such as LVD, EMC & ErP. Space and temperature features suit most OEM requirements. Therefore it can be used in most heating appliances without constraints.

UPM3F

 This pump is designed to work in environments where propane (A3 flammable refrigerant) is present.

Hydronic balancing

Hydronic balancing is important for a well-performing heating system regarding energy consumption and room comfort. A balanced system secures the best possible distribution of the needed flow in the heating system. It also secures that the pump performance is not too high. When using the UPM3 LIN pump together with the Grundfos GO Balance app and the ALPHA Reader dongle, it is possible to perform hydronic balancing of two-pipe or underfloor-heating systems by using real-time flow measurement from the pump.



M068574

ALPHA Reader

ErP, Ecodesign regulation in brief

The EU has addressed the climate challenge in a EuP/ErP directive: Since August 2015, all stand-alone pumps as well as pumps integrated in boiler systems, solar systems and heat pump systems must fulfil Ecodesign requirements, defined in regulation 641/2009/EC on glandless pumps, which was amended by 622/2012/EC. The regulation has set radically new standards for energy efficiency.

The essentials

- Glandless pumps integrated in products must have an energy efficiency index (EEI) of not more than 0.23. The benchmark level is 0.20.
- Stand-alone pumps are measured according to EN 16297-2.
- Integrated pumps are measured according to EN 16297-3, due to their various functions integrated in many customised hydraulic solutions on the market.
- All pumps integrated in products which generate and/or transfer heat and all types of media are included. This means that not only heating systems, but also solar thermal and heat pump systems are affected by the Ecodesign regulation.
- Non-compliant spare pumps for integrated pumps sold before August 2015 are allowed until January 1st, 2020.
- Pumps designed for recirculation of drinking water are out of scope of this regulation.
- Conformity with EU regulations are governed through mandatory CE marking.

All UPM3(K), UPM3S, UPM3L, UPMO variants meet the Ecodesign requirements measured by EN 16297-2 and EN 16297-3:2012.

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5. Identification

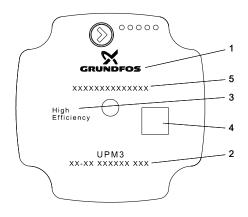
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Example: UPM3 SOLAR 15 - 145 130 C A X 9 XXX

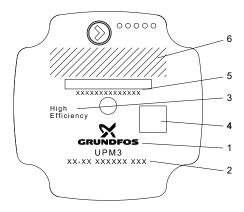
Code	Explanation	Designation
UPM3	Standard	
UPM3S	Small version with IMM rotor	
UPM3L	Large version with extended P1	Pump type
UPMO	For ErP upgrade and replacement	
UPM3F	For flammable refrigerant environments	
Code	Explanation	Designation
K	Cold water	
FLEX AS	PWM A, MAX	
SOLAR	PWM C, CC	
DHW	PWM A, MAX	Operators in the
AUTO	PP, CP, CC, AA	Control variant
HYBRID	PWM A/C, PP, CP, CC, AA	
LIN	LIN bus	
Code	Explanation	Designation
15	R 1/2" / G 1"	
25	R 1" / G 1 1/2"	Nominal diameter
32	R 1 1/4" / G 2"	
Code	Explanation	Designation
20	2 m	
40	4 m	
50	5 m	
60	6 m	Maximum head
70	7 m	waximum nead
75	7.5 m	
105	10.5 m	
145	14.5 m	

Code	Explanation	Designation
130	Cast iron CED, 130 mm	
180	Cast iron CED, 180 mm	
N 130	Stainless steel, 130 mm	
N 150	Stainless steel, 150 mm	
N 180	Stainless steel, 180 mm	
GGES2	Cast iron CED, end suction UPM3	
GGAOS3	Cast iron CED, AOS3 UPM3	
GGMBP3	Cast iron CED, GGMBP3 UPM3	
GGBP3	Cast iron CED, GGBP3 UPM3	
CIL3PA	Composite CIL3, PA6.6 UPM3	Pump housing
CIL3PP	Composite CIL3, PPS UPM3	
CIAO2A	Composite CIAO2 AC	
CIAO2	Composite CIAO2	
CESAO1	Composite CESAO1	
CESAO2	Composite CESAO2	
CESAO4	Composite CESAO4	
CACAO	Composite CACAO	
AOKR	Composite AOKR	
CAOD3	Composite CAOD3 UPM3	
Code	Explanation	Designation
Ą	PWM A profile, heating	
C	PWM C profile, solar	Fishers of control circula 4 and 0
N	LIN bus	External control signals 1 and 2
Z	No profile	
Code	Explanation	Designation
A	0-563 rpm	
J		
	> 2.025 rpm	Minimum speed
Code	> 2.025 rpm Explanation	
	·	Minimum speed Designation
X	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay	
X Y	Explanation	Designation
X Y V	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay	
X Y V W	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay TE MSS NdFeB NTC FCI NdFeB NTC	Designation
X Y V W	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay TE MSS NdFeB NTC	Designation
X Y V W T	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay TE MSS NdFeB NTC FCI NdFeB NTC TE MSS IMM NTC	Designation
X Y V W T U	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay TE MSS NdFeB NTC FCI NdFeB NTC TE MSS IMM NTC FCI IMM NTC Explanation	Designation Control signal connector
X Y V W T U Code	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay TE MSS NdFeB NTC FCI NdFeB NTC TE MSS IMM NTC FCI IMM NTC Explanation 3 h (right)	Designation Control signal connector
X Y V W T U Code 3	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay TE MSS NdFeB NTC FCI NdFeB NTC TE MSS IMM NTC FCI IMM NTC Explanation 3 h (right) 6 h (below)	Designation Control signal connector
X Y V W T U Code 3 6	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay TE MSS NdFeB NTC FCI NdFeB NTC TE MSS IMM NTC FCI IMM NTC Explanation 3 h (right)	Designation Control signal connector Designation
Code X Y V W T U Code 3 6 9 0	Explanation TE MSS NdFeB Relay FCI NdFeB Relay TE MSS NdFeB NTC FCI NdFeB NTC TE MSS IMM NTC FCI IMM NTC Explanation 3 h (right) 6 h (below) 9 h (left)	Designation Control signal connector Designation

Nameplate options



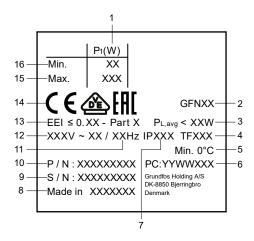
Nameplate: Grundfos standard



Nameplate: customised layout

Pos.	Description
1	Grundfos logo
2	Grundfos pump type
3	High efficiency indicating ECM technology
4	Grundfos data matrix
5	Customer product number or barcode
7	Area for customer specific logo

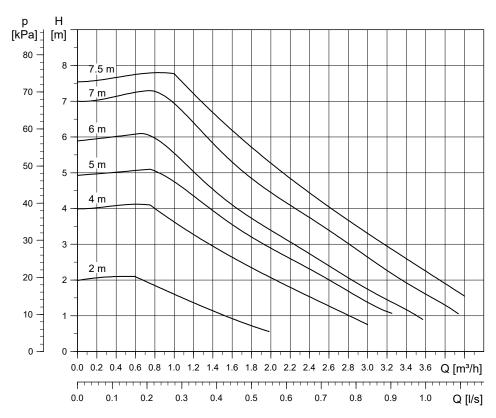
Terminal box side



Terminal box side

	·
Pos.	Terminal box side
1	Input power at minimum and maximum performance
2	Product mark (legal product code)
3	Average power input P _{L,avg} (Ecodesign regulation)
4	Temperature class
5	Minimum liquid temperature (only cold water pumps)
6	Production code (year and week) and customer ID
7	Enclosure class
8	Production site
9	Serial number
10	Product number
11	Frequency [Hz]
12	Voltage [V]
13	Energy index with indication of measurement standard
14	CE mark and approvals
15	Maximum
16	Minimum

Performance range UPM3, UPM3L, UPM3S, UPMO

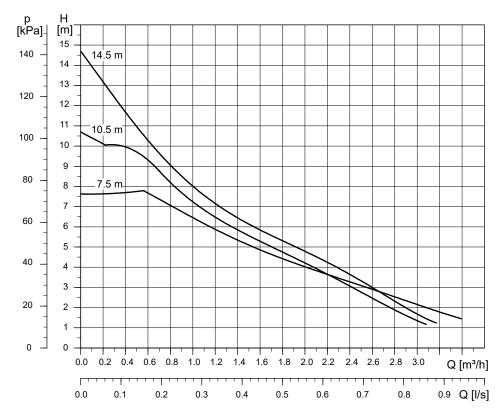


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Performance range UPM3, cast iron pump housing

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6



Performance range UPM3 SOLAR, cast iron pump housing

7. External control mode and signals

Control principles

The UPM3 and UPM3 FLEX pumps are controlled via a digital low-voltage pulse-width modulation (PWM) signal which means that the speed of rotation depends on the input signal.

UPM3 HYBRID pumps can be set to either internally or externally controlled. The speed changes as a function of the input profile. These communication signals are standardised in the VDMA Einheitsblatt 24244 "Wet runner circulating pumps - Specification of PWM control signals".

Control signals

Digital low-voltage PWM signal

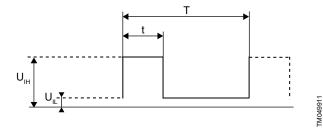
The square-wave PWM signal is designed for a 100 to 4,000 Hz frequency range. The PWM signal is used to select the speed (speed command) and as feedback signal. The PWM frequency on the feedback signal is fixed at 75 Hz in the pump.

Duty cycle

 $d\% = 100 \times t/T$

Example	Rating
T = 2 ms (500 Hz)	U _{IH} = 4-24 V
t = 0.6 ms	U _{IL} ≤ 1 V
d % = 100 x 0.6 / 2 = 30 %	I _{IH} ≤ 10 mA (depending on U _{IH})

Example



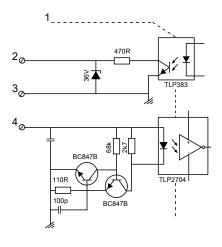
PWM signal

Abbreviation	Description
Т	Period of time [sec.]
d	Duty cycle [t/T]
U _{IH}	High-level input voltage
U _{IL}	Low-level input voltage
I _{IH}	High-level input current

PWM interface

The PWM interface consists of an electronic part connecting the external control signal to the pump. The interface translates the external signal into a signal type that the microprocessor can understand.

In addition, the interface ensures that the user cannot get into contact with dangerous voltage if touching the signal wires when power is connected to the pump.



M06078

Schematic drawing, interface

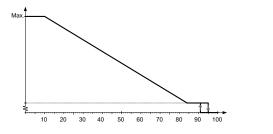
Pos.	Description
1	Galvanic isolation
2	PWM output
3	Signal reference (without connection to protective earth)
4	PWM input

Related information

UPM3

PWM input signal profile A (heating)

At high PWM signal percentages (duty cycles), a hysteresis prevents the pump from starting and stopping if the input signal fluctuates around the shifting point. At low PWM signal percentages, the pump speed is high for safety reasons. In case of a cable breakage in a gas boiler system, the pumps will continue to run at maximum speed to transfer heat from the primary heat exchanger. This is also suitable for heat pumps to ensure that the pumps transfer heat in case of a cable breakage.



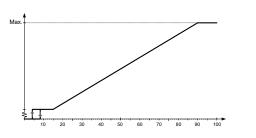
PWM input profile A (heating)

Axis	Value
X	PWM input signal [%]
Υ	Speed

PWM input signal [%]	Pump status
≤ 10	Maximum speed
> 10 / ≤ 84	Variable speed from minimum to maximum speed
> 84 / ≤ 91	Minimum speed
> 91/95	Hysteresis area: on/off
> 95 / ≤ 100	Standby mode: off

PWM input signal profile C (solar)

At low PWM signal percentages (duty cycles), a hysteresis prevents the pump from starting and stopping if the input signal fluctuates around the shifting point. Without PWM signal percentages, the pump will stop for safety reasons. If a signal is missing, for example due to a cable breakage, the pump will stop to avoid overheating of the solar thermal system.



PWM input profile C (solar)

Axis	Value
Х	PWM input signal [%]
Y	Speed

PWM input signal [%]	Pump status
≤ 5	Standby mode: off
> 5 / ≤ 8	Hysteresis area: on/off
> 8 / ≤ 15	Minimum speed
> 15 / ≤ 90	Variable speed from minimum to maximum speed.
> 90 / ≤ 100	Maximum speed

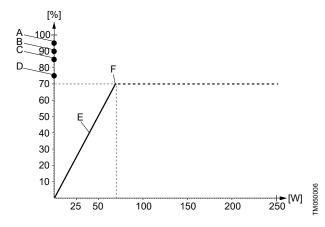
PWM feedback signal (standard)

The PWM feedback signal offers pump information like in bus systems:

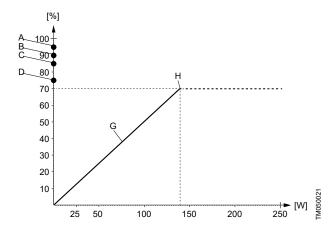
- current power consumption (accuracy ± 2 % of PWM signal)
- warning
- alarm
- · operating status.

Alarms

Alarm output signals are available because some PWM output signals are dedicated to alarm information. If a supply voltage is measured below the specified supply voltage range, the output signal is set to 75 %. If the rotor is locked due to deposits in the hydraulics, the output signal is set to 90 % because this alarm has a higher priority.



PWM feedback signal, UPM3 power consumption



PWM feedback signal, UPM3L power consumption

Pos.	Description
X-axis	Output power consumption [W]
Y-axis	PWM output signal in percentage [%]
A	Standby (stop)
В	Alarm stop: Fault, blocked pump
С	Alarm stop: Electrical fault
D	Warning

Pos.	Description
Е	Slope: 1 % / watt PWM signal
F	Saturation at 70 W
G	Slope: 2 % / watt PWM signal
Н	Saturation at 140 W

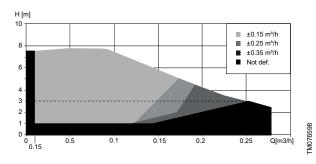
PWM output signal [%]	QT [s]	Pump info	DT [s]	Priority
95	0	Standby (stop) by PWM signal	0	1
90	30	Alarm, stop, blocked error	12	2
85	0-30	Alarm, stop, electrical error	1-12	3
75	0	Warning	0	5
0-70		0-70 W (slope 1 W/% PWM)		6
Output frequency: 75 Hz + 5 %				

Output frequency: 75 Hz ± 5 %

QT = qualification time, DT = disqualification time

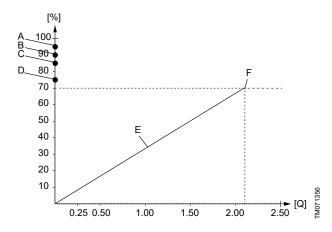
PWM feedback signal - flow estimation (on request)

On request, there is an option where the PWM feedback signal can also be used to indicate the flow of the pump on defined pump housings (e.g. cast iron inline) above a head of 1 m. The accuracy of the feedback signal is depending on the media, media temperature and operation point, but it gives an indication on the actual flow (see figure below).



Accuracy of PWM feedback signal - flow estimation with water at 40 °C

Example: In this case the PWM output range between 0-70 % shows the flow between 0 and 2.1 m^3/h with a slope of 0.03 m^3/h / % PWM (see figure below).



PWM feedback signal - flow estimation

Pos.	Description
Α	Standby (stop)
В	Alarm stop: fault, blocked pump
С	Alarm stop: electrical fault
D	Warning
E	Slope: 0.03 [m ³ /h]/% PWM
F	Saturation at 2.1 [m ³ /h]

Control signal data levels

Maximum rating	Symbol	Value
PWM frequency input with high-speed optocoupler	f	100-4000 Hz
Guaranteed standby power consumption		< 1 W
Rated input voltage - high level	U _{iH}	4-24 V
Rated input voltage - low level	U _{iL}	< 1 V
High-level input current	l _{iH}	< 10 mA
Input duty cycle	PWM	0-100 %
PWM frequency output, open collector	f	75 Hz ± 5 %
Accuracy of output signal regarding power consumption	-	± 2 % (of PWM signal)
Output duty cycle	PWM	0-100 %
Collector emitter breakdown voltage on output transistor	U _c	< 70 V
Collector current on output transistor	Ic	< 50 mA
Maximum power dissipation on output resistor	P _R	125 mW
Zener diode working voltage	U_{z}	36 V
Maximum power dissipation in Zener diode	Pz	300 mW

LIN bus

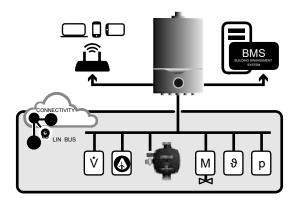
The LIN variant is ready for the Local Interconnect Network (LIN) bus communication protocol that is standardised in the "VDMA Einheitsblatt 24226". This data bus has been developed as LIN in the automotive sector and enables great interchange of data between the pump and the HVAC application.

New unique features such as hydronic balancing of heating systems via the Grundfos GO Balance app can be set using LIN bus communication.

In order to provide you the best support, Grundfos has divided the LIN bus data points into six specific modules:

- Grundfos LIN Basic
- Control module
- Performance module
- Limit Feedback module
- Diagnostics module
- GO Balance module.

Contact your local Grundfos HVAC OEM representative to learn more about LIN bus.



LIN bus on fieldbus of heating control systems

Control modes, operating panel and settings

8. Control modes, operating panel and settings

UPM3

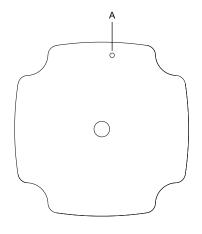
UPM3 is externally controlled via a PWM or LIN bus signal.

Related information

PWM interface

Operating panel

The operating panel is designed with one red/green LED.



UPM3 operating panel

Pos.	Description
Α	LED

The LED shows whether or not the pump is controlled externally or if the pump experiences an error.

	Green LED	Red LED
No external control	•	
External control	• 1	
Alarm		•

^{1 12} flashes per second.

Alarm status

If the pump detects an alarm, the LED switches from green to red. This can mean one of the following:

- Low supply voltage
- Blocked rotor
- · Electrical error.

The alarms for blocked rotor and electrical error can be read out via the PWM return signal, while all three alarms can be read out via the LIN bus signal.

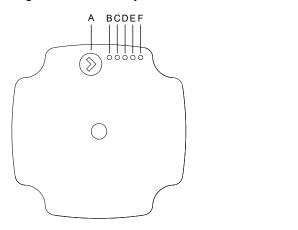
For information about remedy, see 13. Service.

UPM3 HYBRID variants

UPM3 HYBRID variants can be controlled both externally and internally.

Operating panel

The operating panel is designed with a single button, one red/green LED and four yellow LEDs.



Operating panel with one button and five LEDs

Pos.	Description
Α	Push button
В	LED 1
С	LED 2
D	LED 3
Е	LED 4
F	LED 5

The operating panel shows:

- control mode
- alarm status.

Alarm status

If the pump has detected one or more alarms, LED 1 switch from green to red and one of the other LEDs lights yellow. See information about fault finding.

If multiple alarms are active at the same time, the LEDs only show the error with the highest priority. The priority is defined by the sequence of the table as shown in the fault finding information.

When there is no active alarm anymore, the operating panel switches back to the operation mode.

Control modes

HYBRID control modes and curves

Up to five different control modes, each with up to four curves, are available for UPM3 HYBRID variants for different maximum heads.

Externally controlle	d	Internally controlled		
PWM A profile	PWM C profile	Proportional pressure	Constant pressure	Constant curve
Curve 1	Curve 1	Curve 1	Curve 1	Curve 1
Curve 2	Curve 2	Curve 2	Curve 2	Curve 2
Curve 3 (max.)	Curve 3 (max.)	Curve 3	Curve 3	Curve 3 (max.)
		AUTO _{ADAPT}	AUTO _{ADAPT}	

HYBRID variants

These setting options can be delivered as pre-configured variants.

			Conti	ol mod	des and curv	es	Number of	
Variant	Application	Functionality	Externally controlled		Internally	controlled	Number of settings	Factory-preset
FLEX AS	Heating appliances	Runs with or without PWM signal. Without PWM signal, this pump runs on MAX curve.	PWM A	3	MAX	3	3	
SOLAR	Solar thermal systems	Runs with PWM C (solar) profile or on Constant curve.	PWM C	1	CC	3	4	
DHW	Domestic hot water systems	Runs with or without PWM signal. Without PWM signal, this pump runs on MAX curve.	PWM A	3	MAX	3	4	Depends on the pump type
					PP	3+AA		1 1 31
AUTO	Heating kits DHW system	Runs with all self-controlled modes and curves.			CP	3+AA	11	
	System	and curves.			CC	3		
			DIAMA A		PP	3+AA		
HYBRID Any	Any HVAC system	Runs with all available modes and curves.	PWM A PWM C	3	CP	3+AA	15	
		cuives.	PVVIVI C	1	CC 3			

8

Standard range

Overview of the standard range for UPM3

UPM3S

				U	IPM3S sta	ndard ran	ge					
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel	PWM A profile	PWM C profile	FIN bus	Constant curve (CC)	Proportional pressure (PP)	PP AUTO ADAPT	Constant pressure	CP AUTO ADAPT
	XX-40	4	25		•							
PWM	XX-50	5	34		•							
	XX-60	6	42		•							·
LIN	XX-60	6	42			,	•					
	XX-40	4	25	•	•			•				
FLEX AS	XX-50	5	33	•	•			•				
	XX-60	6	42	•	•			•				
AUTO	XX-60	6	42	•				•	•	•	•	•
HYBRID	XX-60	6	42	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•

UPM3

					UPM3 star	ndard rang	je					
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel	PWM A profile	PWM C profile	FIN pns	Constant curve (CC)	Proportional pressure (PP)	PP AUTO ADAPT	Constant pressure	CP AUTO ADAPT
	XX-50	5	33		•							
PWM	XX-60	6	39		•							
FVVIVI	XX-70	7	52		•	•						
	XX-75	7.5	60		•	•						
LIN	XX-75	7.5	60				•					
	XX-50	5	33	•	•			•				
FLEX AS	XX-70	7	52	•	•			•				
	XX-75	7.5	60	•	•			•				
AUTO	XX-50	5	33	•				•	•	•	•	•
AUTO	XX-70	7	52	•				•	•	•	•	•
	XX-75	7.5	45	•		•						
SOLAR	XX-105	10.5	52	•		•						
	XX-145	14.5	60	•		•						
	XX-20	2	11	•	•			•				
DHW	XX-50	5	33	•	•			•				
	XX-70	7	52	•	•	'		•			'	
LIVEDID	XX-50	5	33	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
HYBRID	XX-60	6	52	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•

UPM3L

				UF	PM3L stand	dard range						
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel	PWM A profile	PWM C profile	FIN bus	Constant curve (CC)	Proportional pressure (PP)	PP AUTO ADAPT	Constant pressure	СР АИТО АБАРТ
PWM	XX-75	7.5	75		•							
LIN	XX-75	7.5	75				•					
FLEX AS	XX-75	7.5	75	•	•			•	-			
AUTO	XX-70	7	75	•		-		•	•	•	•	•
HYBRID	XX-70	7	75	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•

UPMO

				U	PMO star	ndard rang	е					
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel	PWM A profile	PWM C profile	sng NIT	Constant curve (CC)	Proportional pressure (PP)	PP AUTO ADAPT	Constant pressure	Proportional pressure (PP)
UPM —	XX-50	5	39	•	•			•				
UFIVI —	XX-60	6	60	•	•			•				
UPML	XX-70	7	75	•	•			•				

Control modes, operating panel and settings

Factory presetting

The pump starts at the factory preset operating mode fixed in the Grundfos software file (GSC). It is overwritten after the first personal setting. A customised factory preset

might be requested by the customer for his specific product specification. The following factory preset options are available:

UPM3S

UF	PM3 stand	ard ra	nge									Fact	tory pı	reset							
Variant	Size	H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel		PWM /	Α.		PWM (:	Cons	stant c	curve	Prop	ortion	al pres	ssure	Co	nstant	press	ure
		Мах	Ma	Ope	A1	A2	А3	C1	C2	С3	CC 1	CC 2	CC 3	PP 1	PP 2	PP 3	AA PP	CP 1	CP 2	CP 3	AA CP
	XX-40	4	Х	•			•														
FLEX AS	XX-50	5	Х	•			•														
	XX-60	6	42	•			•														
AUTO	XX-60	6	42	•								•	•		•	•	•		•	•	•
HYBRID	XX-60	6	42	•			•									•	•			•	•

UPM3

UF	UPM3 standard range					Factory preset															
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel		PWM A	١		PWM C	;	Con	Constant curve Proportional pressure		Constant pressure							
		Max	M	odo	A1	A2	А3	C1	C2	С3	CC 1	CC 2	CC 3	PP 1	PP 2	PP 3	AA PP	CP 1	CP 2	CP 3	AA CP
	XX-50	5	33	•			•														
FLEX AS	XX-70	7	52	•			•														
	XX-75	7.5	60	•			•														
AUTO	XX-50	5	33	•								•	•		•	•	•		•	•	•
A010	XX-70	7	52	•								•	•		•	•	•		•	•	•
	XX-75	7.5	60	•						•			•								
SOLAR	XX-105	10.5	52	•						•			•								
	XX-145	14.5	60	•						•			•								
	XX-20	2	11	•			•														
DHW	XX-50	5	33	•	•	•	•														
	XX-70	7	52	•	•	•	•														
HYBRID	XX-50	5	33	•			•									•	•			•	•
	XX-60	6	52	•			•									•	•			•	•

UPM3L

UF	PM3 stand	ard rai	nge		Factory preset																
Variant Size		c. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	erating panel	PWM A				PWM C	;	Con	Constant curve Proportional pressure Constant press					ure				
		Max	Š	Оре	A1	A2	А3	C1	C2	C3	CC 1	CC 2	CC 3	PP 1	PP 2	PP 3	AA PP	CP 1	CP 2	CP 3	AA CP
FLEX AS	XX-75	7.5	75	•	•	•	•														
AUTO	XX-70	7	Х	•								•	•		•	•	•		•	•	•
HYBRID	XX-70	7	Х	•			•									•	•			•	•

UPMO

UF	MO stand	ard ra	nge								Factory preset										
Variant	Size	. H nom. [m]	ix. P1 nom. [W]	erating panel	PWM A PWM C			Constant curve			Proportional pressure				Constant pressure						
		Мах	Мах	Opera	A1	A2	А3	C1	C2	C3	CC 1	CC 2	CC 3	PP 1	PP 2	PP 3	AA PP	CP 1	CP 2	CP 3	AA C
UPM	XX-50	5	39	•									•								
UPIVI	XX-60	6	60	•									•								
UPML	XX-70	7	75	•									•								

Changing the control mode

To set the product, use the button on the operating panel. Every time you press the button, the pump setting is changed. The LEDs will indicate the chosen control mode.

Related information

Overview of operating panel control modes

Overview of operating panel control modes

All UPM3 HYBRID variants can be controlled with the button on the operating panel.

The LEDs on the operating panel shows the control mode.

Related information

Changing the control mode

Liquid temperature

UPM3 HYBRID

This pump is either for external PWM signal control with profile A or C or internal control with three control modes with $AUTO_{ADAPT}$ (AA).

Control mode	LED1	LED2	LED3	LED4	LED5
	green	green	yellow	yellow	yellow
PP AA	•				
CP AA		•			
PP1	•		•		
PP2	•		•	•	
PP3	•		•	•	•
CP1		•	•		
CP2		•	•	•	
CP3		•	•	•	•
CC1			•		
CC2			•	•	
CC3			•	•	•
PWM C signal off		• ¹	•	•	•
PWMC signal on		• ²	•	•	•
PWM A	a 1	•			-
curve 1 signal off	• '		•		
PWM A curve 1 signal on	• ²		•		
PWM A curve 2 signal off	• ¹		•	•	
PWM A curve 2 signal on	• ²		•	•	
PWM A curve 3 signal off	• 1		•	•	•
PWM A curve 3 signal on	• 2		•	•	•

¹ 1 flash per second.

UPM3 FLEX AS and UPM3 DHW

This pump is either for external PWM A profile signal control or speed selection.

The maximum curve of the pump operation range can be defined.

- With PWM signal, the pump runs at the corresponding speed.
- Without PWM signal, the pump runs at maximum speed.

PWM A profile	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
PWM A curve 1 signal off	• 1		•		
PWM A curve 1 signal on	• 2		•		
PWM A curve 2 signal off	• 1		•	•	
PWM A curve 2 signal on	• 2		•	•	
PWM A curve 3 signal off	• 1		•	•	•
PWM A curve 3 signal on	• 2		•	•	•

^{1 1} flash per second.

UPM3 SOLAR

This pump is either for external PWM signal control with profile C or internal control on constant curve mode.

Control mode	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
CC1			•		
CC2			•	•	
CC3			•	•	•
PWM C signal off		• ¹	•	•	•
PWM C signal on		• ²	•	•	•

^{1 1} flash per second.

UPM3 AUTO

This pump is for internal control with three control modes with $\mathrm{AUTO}_{\mathit{ADAPT}}$ (AA).

Control mode	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
PP AA	•				
CP AA		•			
PP1	•		•		
PP2	•		•	•	
PP3	•		•	•	•
CP1		•	•		
CP2		•	•	•	
CP3		•	•	•	•
CC1			•		
CC2			•	•	
CC3			•	•	•

² 12 flashes per second.

² 12 flashes per second.

² 12 flashes per second.

UPMO

This pump is for internal control with control mode CC or for external PWM signal control with profile A.

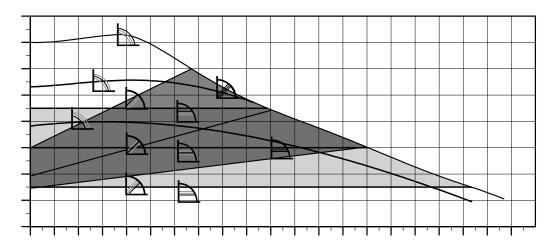
The pump automatically enables the PWM input-signal control mode by SignalDetect when the signal cable is plugged in.

Control mode	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
CC1			•		
CC2			•	•	
CC3			•	•	•
PWM A	• ¹		•	•	•

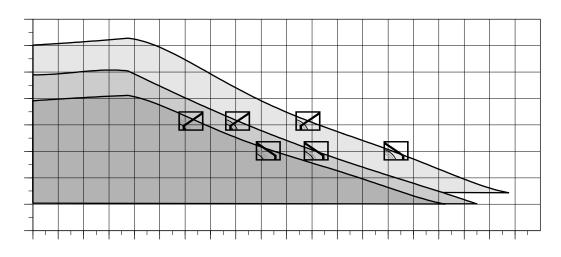
^{1 12} flashes per second.

If the pump does not detect a PWM signal or if the signal equals 0, the pump returns to its previous control mode.

Control modes with pump curves



UPM3 AUTO/HYBRID control modes with pump curves



UPM3 FLEX/HYBRID control modes with pump curves

M060804

Control mode explanation

Proportional pressure

The head (pressure) is reduced at falling heat demand and increased at rising heat demand.

The duty point of the pump will move up or down on the selected proportional-pressure curve, depending on the heat demand in the system.









PP1: lowest proportional pressure curve

· PP2: intermediate proportional pressure curve

· PP3: highest proportional-pressure curve

 AUTO_{ADAPT}: highest to lowest proportional pressure curve.

The $AUTO_{ADAPT}$ function enables the pump to control the pump performance automatically within a defined performance range.

- Adjusting the pump performance to the size of the system.
- Adjusting the pump performance to the variations in load over time.

In Proportional pressure $AUTO_{ADAPT}$, the pump is set to proportional-pressure control.

Constant pressure

The head (pressure) is kept constant, irrespective of the heat demand.

The duty point of the pump will move out or in on the selected constant-pressure curve, depending on the heat demand in the system.



- CP1: lowest constant-pressure curve
- · CP2: intermediate constant-pressure curve
- · CP3: highest constant-pressure curve
- AUTO_{ADAPT}: highest to lowest constant-pressure curve

The AUTO_{ADAPT} function enables the pump to control the pump performance automatically within a defined performance range.

- Adjusting the pump performance to the size of the system.
- Adjusting the pump performance to the variations in load over time.

In constant pressure AUTO_{ADAPT}, the pump is set to constant-pressure control.

Constant curve

The pump runs on a constant curve, which means that it runs at a constant speed or power.

The duty point of the pump moves up or down on the selected constant curve, depending on the heat demand in the system.



TMOROROF

	Head [m]										
	UPM3 XX-20	UPM3 XX-50	UPM3 XX-70	UPM3 XX-75	UPM3 XX-105	UPM3 XX-145					
CC1	1.0	3	5	5	6.5	8.5					
CC2	1.5	4	6	6	8.5	10.5					
CC3 (max.)	2	5	7	7.5	10.5	14.5					

PWM A profile (heating)

The pump runs on constant speed curves depending on the current PWM value.

The speed decreases when the PWM value increases. If PWM equals 0, the pump runs at maximum speed.



MOGOZO

	-	Head	d [m]	
PWM profile	UPM3 XX-20	UPM3 XX-50	UPM3 XX-70	UPM3 XX-75
A1	1.0	3	5	5
A2	1.5	4	6	6
A3 (max.)	2.0	5	7	7.5
MAX	UPM3 XX-20	UPM3 XX-50	UPM3 XX-70	UPM3 XX-75
A1	1.0	3	5	5
A2	1.5	4	6	6
A3	2.0	5	7	7.5

PWM C profile (solar)

The pump runs on constant speed curves depending on the current PWM value.

Speed will increase with increasing PWM value. If PWM equals 0, the pump stops.



000

	Head [m]										
PWM profile	UPM3 XX-50	UPM3 XX-70	UPM3 XX-75	UPM3 XX-105	UPM3 XX-145						
C1	3	5	5	6.5	8.5						
C2	4	6	6	8.5	10.5						
C3 (max.)	5	7	7.5	10.5	14.5						

Pump control in heating systems

The heating required in a building varies greatly during the day due to changing outdoor temperatures, solar radiation and heat emanating from people, electric appliances, and others. In addition, the need for heating may vary from one section of the building to another and the thermostatic valves of some radiators may have been turned down by the users. An uncontrolled pump will produce a too high differential pressure when the heat demand and flow are low.

Possible consequences:

- · too high energy consumption
- · irregular control of the system
- noise in thermostatic radiator valves and similar fittings.

Grundfos UPM3 HYBRID and UPM3 AUTO automatically control the differential pressure by adjusting the pump performance to the actual heat demand, without the use of external components.

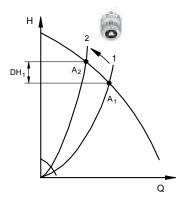
Advantages of pump control

In Grundfos UPM3 HYBRID and UPM3 AUTO pump control is effected by adapting the differential pressure to the flow (proportional-pressure and constant-pressure control). Contrary to an uncontrolled pump, a constant-pressure-controlled pump keeps the differential pressure constant. A proportional-pressure-controlled pump reduces the differential pressure as a result of falling heat demand.

For example:

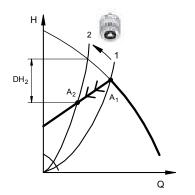
If the heat demand falls, for instance, due to solar radiation, the thermostatic radiator valves will close, and, for the uncontrolled pump, the flow resistance of the system will rise, for instance from A1 to A2.

In a heating system with an uncontrolled pump, this situation will cause a pressure rise in the system by ΔH_1 .



Uncontrolled pump

In a system with a proportional-pressure-controlled pump, operated in the proportional pressure mode the pressure will be reduced by ΔH_2 and result in reduced energy consumption.



Pump operated in proportional-pressure control mode

In a system with an uncontrolled pump, a pressure rise will often cause flow-generated noise in the thermostatic radiator valves. This noise will be reduced considerably with proportional pressure control.

AUTO_{ADAPT}

Grundfos holds a patent for AUTO_{ADAPT} since 1995. With AUTO_{ADAPT}, the control curve is automatically adapted to the actual requirements of the respective application. If you select AUTO ADAPT, the pump starts with the medium proportional or constant control curve and runs on this curve as long as a new curve will be adapted. The AUTO_{ADAPT} proportional pressure functionality is well known from millions of installed Grundfos trade pumps as ALPHA2 or MAGNA. The AUTO_{ADAPT} setting continually analyses and finds the setting where optimal comfort meets minimal energy consumption. It automatically delivers perfect comfort at the lowest possible energy level. It adapts to the requirements of the heating system before reaching the maximum pump curve and allows the pump to adjust the proportional pressure or constant pressure curve both up and down.

Advantages of AUTO_{ADAPT}

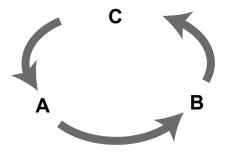
- Easy installation
- Automatic setting
- Demand-controlled operations
- Optimum comfort
- Energy savings
- Reduced CO₂ emissions.

Constant pressure at all load conditions is essential for how well the thermostatic valves can control the heat emission from the radiators. It is a well-known fact that optimum pump control in a two-pipe heating system with thermostatic radiator valves is best obtained by controlling pump pressure on a proportional pressure curve. In under-floor heating or one-pipe systems it might be better to use constant pressure control. However, predicting the best position in real-life applications is rather difficult, because the optimum position depends on correlated factors such as the size of the heating system, the boiler type, the load condition, etc. This is where ${\rm AUTO}_{ADAPT}$ steps in to ensure that the pump is controlled in an optimum manner.

The AUTO_{ADAPT} algorithm

The objective of the $AUTO_{ADAPT}$ algorithm is to measure and analyse the heating system during operation and adapt to the current heating pattern. The system adapts to night vs. day operations, summer vs. winter season, and heat losses or gains affecting room temperature, for example, from radiators, walls and windows, sun radiation, electrical equipment, and people.

AUTO_{ADAPT} three-step task



The AUTO_{ADAPT} three-step task

Pos.	Description
Α	System analyser
В	Curve selector
С	Proportional or constant pressure control

Basically, $AUTO_{ADAPT}$ optimises the position of the proportional or constant pressure curve via a three-step task as illustrated in the figure above.

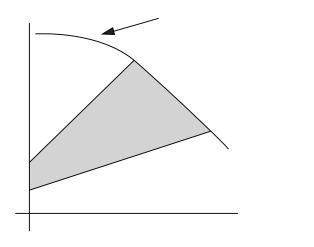
The "system analyser" analyses the heating system, which the pump is a part of. On the basis of the analysis, AUTO_{ADAPT} verifies whether the pump pressure is too high, too low, or correct. The "curve selector" then uses this knowledge to select the optimum proportional or constant pressure curve for the pump. Finally, the pump is controlled according to the selected proportional or constant pressure curve by means of the "Proportional Pressure or Constant Pressure control". The pump will continue this cycle as long as the pump is running.

Example

This example shows proportional pressure AUTO_{ADAPT}.

Note: The constant pressure $AUTO_{ADAPT}$ function acts accordingly just by utilising constant pressure control, and not proportional pressure control as shown in the example below.

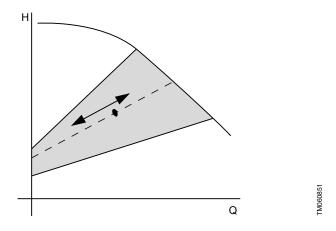
The AUTO_{ADAPT} function can operate and adjust pump speed according to the duty point within a specific area. The arrow shows pump max. curve.



Proportional pressure AUTO_{ADAPT} operation area

As default the AUTO $_{ADAPT}$ is preset to operate the pump on the middle proportional pressure curve. By the use of an immediate acting PI-controlling function, the pump will adapt to the system on this proportional pressure curve.

Note: The PI controller is set to eliminate any offset within a time frame of 120 seconds.



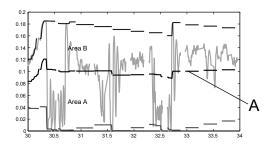
Proportional pressure control

System analyser

From the preset reference duty point, the pump will immediately start to analyse the heating pattern.

The system resistance (K_{sys}) is logged and based on this data, a more optimal curve for operation is selected.

Note: $K_{sys} = m^3/h$ to create a system pressure loss of 1 har

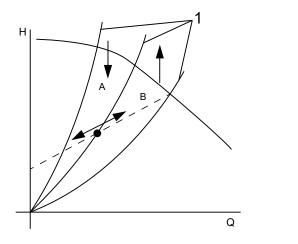


 K_{sys} -values logged for the system analyser

Pos.	Description
X-axis	Time [days]
Y-axis	K-value
Α	Reference duty point

If the actual duty point deviates from the reference duty point over time, the pump will automatically adjust its performance accordingly. If a tendency of operation in area A is shown, the performance of the pumps is too high. The pump will then select a lower proportional curve. In other words, if the requirement of the heating system exceeds the reference duty point, the pump will choose a higher proportional pressure curve. Should the requirement be lower, a lower curve will be chosen.

Curve selector



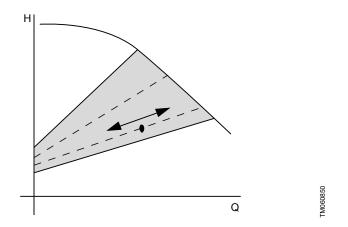
Duty point on selected proportional pressure curve

Pos.	Description
1	Reference curves

Note: The arrows symbolise the change of the proportional pressure curve.

New reference setting

When changing the proportional pressure curve setting to adapt to the requirements of the heating system, $\text{AUTO}_{ADAPT} \text{ automatically sets a new reference duty point. From the new setting, the process starts over again: } \\ \text{AUTO}_{ADAPT} \text{ will continuously adapt to changes in the heating pattern.}$



New lower proportional pressure curve

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Control modes, operating panel and settings

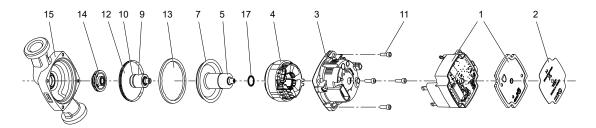
Selection of control mode

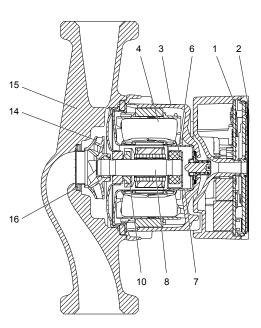
The selection of the control mode depends on the system type and the allocation of pressure losses defined by the valve or consumer authority.

System type	Recommended control mode		
Heating system with PWM control of the	PWM A profile		
Solar system with PWM control of the pu	ump.		PWM C profile
System without PWM control of the pum	p (stand-alone).		Internally controlled
	Two-pipe systems with thermostatic radiator valve with low valve authority.	H _N > 2 m for noise reduction.	
		Long distribution pipes.	– _ Proportional pressure / AUTO _{ADAPT} proportional pressure
Variable-flow system with relatively high pressure losses inside heating appliance and pipes (> 50 % of pump		High pressure losses in system parts with total flow.	Proportional pressure / AO TO ADAPY proportional pressure
head).		Heat consumers with low pressure losses.	
	Primary pump.	Primary circuit with high pressure losses.	-
	Two-pipe systems with thermostatic radiator valve with high valve authority.	$H_N \le 2$ m for noise reduction.	
		Former gravity systems.	_
		Low pressure losses in system parts with total flow.	
Variable-flow system with relatively low		Heat consumers with high pressure losses.	Constant pressure / AUTO _{ADAPT} Constant pressure
pressure losses inside heating appliance and pipes (< 50 % of pump head).	Floor heating system with variable flow.	System with thermostatic zone valves.	
	One-pipe system with variable flow.	System with thermostatic radiator valves.	_
	Primary pump.	Primary circuit with low pressure losses.	_
	Systems with low flow variation.	Systems with minimum flow ensured by an automatic bypass valve.	-
			Constant curve
Constant flow systems			

9. Technical description

Exploded view and sectional view





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Material specification

Pos.	Component	Material	EN/DIN
1	Control box	Composite PC-GF10 FR	
	Control electronics	PCB with SMD components	
2	Front foil	LEXAN 8A13F	
3	Stator housing	Aluminium, silumin	
4	Stator	Copper wire	
	Stator lamination	Laminated iron	
5	Push deblocking device		
	Plunger	Stainless steel	1.4404
	Spring	Stainless steel	1.4310
	Housing for spring	Stainless steel	1.4401
	Guide disc	Stainless steel	1.4401
	Housing for sealing	Stainless steel	1.4401
	Sealing	EPDM	
6	Radial bearing	Ceramics	

Pos.	Component	Material	EN/DIN
7	Rotor can	Stainless steel	1.4401
8	Shaft	Ceramics	
9	Rotor	NdFeB or injection- moulded ferrite	
	Rotor tube	Stainless steel	1.4521
	Rotor cladding	Stainless steel	1.4401/1.4301
	Bush	Stainless steel	1.4301
10	Thrust bearing	Carbon	
	Thrust bearing retainer	EPDM	
11	Screws	Steel	
12	Bearing plate	Stainless steel	1.4301
13	Gasket	EPDM	
14	Impeller	Composite/PES 20 or 30 % GF	

Pos.	Component	Material	EN/DIN
		Cast iron GG15	EN-GJL-150
		Stainless steel	1.4308
15	Pump housing	Composite PA 6.6 30 %GF	
		Composite PPS 40 %GF	
16	Neck ring	Stainless steel	1.4301
17	O-ring	EPDM	

Description of components

The Grundfos UMP3 pumps are of the canned-rotor type as pump and motor form an integral unit without shaft seal and with only one gasket for sealing and four screws for fastening the stator housing to the pump housing. The bearings are lubricated by the pumped liquid as the rotor can is filled with water. The focus has been on using ecofriendly materials as well as on limiting the number of materials.

Motor description

The efficiency of the three-phase, 4-pole, synchronous, electronically commutated permanent-magnet (ECM/PM) motor type is considerably higher compared to a conventional asynchronous squirrel-cage motor.

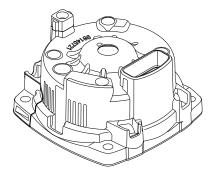
The ECM/PM motor is designed according to the cannedrotor principle. The design of the mechanical motor components has mainly focused on these features:

- reliable with stainless steel rotor can in one part and a specific formed EPDM gasket
- simple design meaning as few components as possible, each with several functions
- high efficient due to permanent magnets and lowfriction bearings.

The motor is cooled by the pumped liquid which reduces the sound pressure level to a minimum. Being softwareprotected, the pump requires no further motor protection.

Stator housing

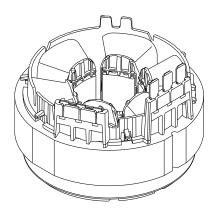
The aluminium die-cast stator housing with four fixing holes is following the design of the well-accepted Grundfos UP pumps. It enables easy change of motor positions by removing the four screws holding the stator housing and turning the housing to the desired position. There are two versions: one without drain hole as IP44, and one with one drain hole in two possible positions as IPX4D. During operation, the drain hole must always point downwards. UPM3 is IP44 as standard for noncondensing applications and IPX4D in UPM3 Solar. As Kvariant for condensing applications, the stator housing IPX4D version is CED electrocoated.



Stator housing

Stator and windings

The UPM3 have a three-phase stator with six concentric positioned in-slot windings.

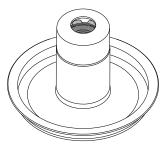


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Stator

Rotor can

The rotor can is drawn out of one sheet of stainless steel. It contains the ground and honed upper radial bearing. On top the rotor can has a hole on which the deblocking device is welded.



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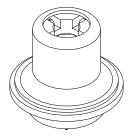
Rotor can with bearing holder and ceramic bearing

Deblocking device

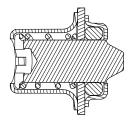
The deblocking device consists of an axial moving plunger tightened by an O-ring and pulled back by a spring inside a stainless steel housing that is welded to the rotor can. The deblocking device is designed for pumps integrated in appliances to give access to the shaft from the front of the pump without demounting the control box.

By pushing and turning a screw driver, Phillips No. 2, the plunger pushes the shaft in axial direction into the pump, while it can be turned as well. The force is high enough to deblock pumps which are seized by lime e.g. if an

appliance is stored for months after being wet tested. Before, during and after the deblocking, the device is tight and must not release any water.



Deblocking device

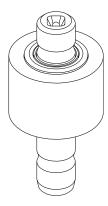


Sectional drawing of deblocking device

Shaft with rotor

The shaft is made of ceramics. To avoid precipitation of calcium in the radial bearings, the shaft has been plunge-ground at the journal bearings. It has a through-going hole to ensure good lubrication and cooling of the upper bearing. The rotor can does not need to be vented as air inside the rotor chamber will escape the system through the through-going hole of the shaft.

The rotor core is either made of bonded neodymium permanent magnets, or injection-moulded with PPS bonded hard ferrite magnetic particles. The rotor is encapsulated in a thin stainless-steel cladding welded to the end covers. The rotor is fixed on the shaft by a back iron with a bush. After assembly the whole unit is balanced.

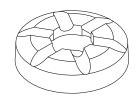


Shaft with rotor

Thrust bearing

The antimony-free carbon thrust bearing is fitted to the shaft in a flexible EPDM retainer.

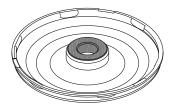
In combination with the bearing plate, the thrust bearing prevents forces from being transmitted axially to rotor and rotor can.



Thrust bearing

Bearing plate

The bearing plate is made of stainless steel. The ground and honed inner radial and axial ceramic bearing is pressed into the bearing plate. The axial bearing is lapped to reduce any friction and the run in period of the pump. Due to the relatively large bearing plate surface, the motor heat is effectively carried away by the pumped liquid. Tiny laser holes through the bearing plate ensure optimum venting and minimise the gradual replacement of rotor liquid with the pumped liquid.



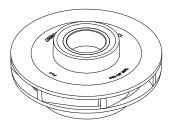
Bearing plate with ceramic bearing

Impeller

The composite impeller is of the radial type with curved blades. The impeller shaft with rotor and bearing plate is assembled in one unit to eliminate possible misalignment in the bearings.

Three types of impellers are used:

- UPM3 Standard: diameter 38 mm, clearance 3 mm
- UPM3 SOLAR: diameter 52 mm, clearance 2.5 mm
- UPMO: diameter 48 mm, clearance 3 mm

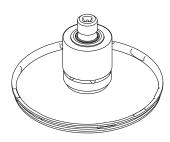


Impeller

Moving unit

The unit is a pre-mounted combination of the shaft with a rotor, thrust bearing with a retainer, bearing plate and impeller. The moving unit is inserted into the rotor can with the upper radial bearing. The unit runs as a bearing system, ceramic/ceramic, with almost no wear as long as it is lubricated. During production, the unit is lubricated with glycerine. When the unit is mounted in a water-filled system, the system water lubricates the bearings. This guarantees the extremely reliable Grundfos ceramic bearing system of wet-running pumps.

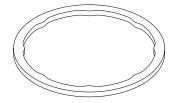
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Moving unit

Gasket

The gasket is a formed flat O-ring made of EPDM, which is applicable for drinking water as well. The gasket seals up stator housing, pump housing, rotor can and bearing plate.



Gasket

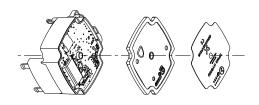


Sectional drawing showing sealing principle of gasket

Control box

The UPM3 control box housing is made of two composite parts welded together with an aluminium heat sink on top and covered by a front foil which cannot be removed. Power and signal connectors are integrated. There are two versions available with signal connection designed for Grundfos UPER/UPM connector or TE Mini Superseal connector.

The control box contains the PCBs for internal power supply, control, and communication. The control box includes all relevant functions and EMC filter components. It is available with different hard- and software, mainly different regarding internal or external control, with or without operating panel and communication signal as PWM.



Control box

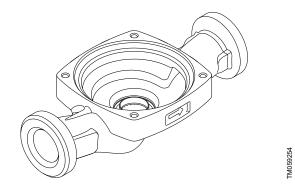
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Pump housing

As a standard, the pump housing is available in electrocoated cast iron with threaded inlet and outlet ports. The reference pump housing is of the in-line type. The stainless-steel neck ring is pressed into the pump housing to minimise the amount of liquid running from the outlet side of the impeller to the inlet side.

A wide range of OEM specific pump housings is available.



Pump housing

UPM3 OEM specific housings

UPM3 pumps are available with a wide range of integrated standard housings or customised pump housings with different dimensions, in different materials, designs and with additional functionalities. Composite housings are mostly injection-moulded at the Grundfos factory using the tools designed and manufactured by Grundfos. The advantage of composite housings is the flexibility in forming complex housings and other hydraulic parts with low weight and production costs. Composite housings are limited to high-volume parts due to their high investment costs.

Cast-iron electrocoated (CED) in-line housings with threads



CED 15 x 130 mm



CED 25 x 130 mm



CED 25 x 180 mm



CED 32 x 180 mm

Stainless-steel (N) in-line housings with threads - approved for drinking water



NIRO 15 x 130 mm



NIRO 25 x 130 mm

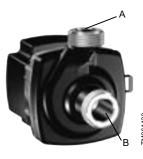


NIRO 25 x 180 mm

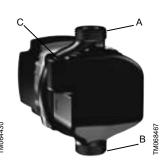


NIRO 32 x 180 mm

Cast-iron electrocoated (CED) OEM housings - end-suction with threads or inline with air outlet



GGES cast-iron, endsuction



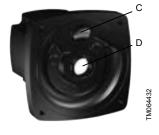
GGES cast-iron, endsuction

Pos.	Description
Α	Outlet 1" thread connection
В	Inlet 1" thread connection
С	Air outlet 3/8" for external air vent

Cast-iron electrocoated (CED) OEM housings - end-suction for back-panel mounting



GGMBP3 cast-iron, mini back-panel



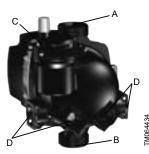
GGBP3 cast-iron, maxi back-panel

Pos.	Description
Α	Inlet Ø26 mm
В	Outlet Ø19 mm
С	Outlet Ø24.5 mm
D	Inlet Ø24.5 mm

Composite in-line housings with threads, integrated vent and additional connections



CIL3 composite, inline, 1" x 130 mm



CACAO composite, alternate connection, air outlet



CIAO2 composite, inline, air outlet



CIAO2 AC composite, inline, air outlet, alternate connection

Pos.	Description
A	Outlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 ± 10 Nm
В	Inlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 ± 10 Nm
С	Air vent
D	Copper pipe connection, Ø14 mm, can be open or closed
E	Copper pipe connection, Ø10 mm, additional

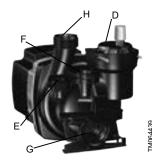
Composite end-suction housings with threads or clips, with integrated vent and special connections



CES3 composite, endsuction



CESAO1 composite, endsuction, air outlet



CESAO2 composite endsuction air outlet

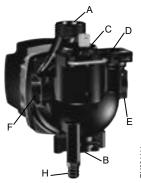


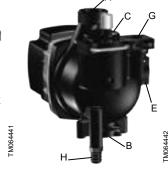
CESAO4 composite endsuction air outlet

Pos.	Description
Α	Outlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 \pm 10 Nm
В	Inlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 ± 10 Nm
С	Outlet copper pipe connection Ø18 mm
D	Vent

Pos.	Description
E	Connection for manometer or pressure sensor, Ø6 mm, can be opened or closed
F	Connection for manometer or pressure sensor, Ø10 mm, can be opened or closed
G	Inlet copper pipe connection Ø18 mm, fits Fugas brass block
Н	Outlet G 3/4 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 25 ± 5 Nm

Composite in-line housings with threads or clips, with integrated vent, drain and special connections





AOKR composite, air outlet, alternate connection, drain

CAOD composite, air outlet, drain

Pos.	Description
А	Outlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 ± 10 Nm
В	Inlet Ø28 mm, with brass fitting
С	Vent
D	Connection for manometer or pressure sensor Ø21 mm
Е	Additional inlet hairpin side connection Ø28 mm
F	Additional inlet hairpin side connection Ø28 mm
G	Connection for expansion tank, etc. Ø21 mm
Н	Drain

9

Pump housing overview

Material	Туре	Product number	GG cast iron CED	N stainless steel	C PPS	C PA6.6	Weight [kg]	PN [bar]	Max. Temperature [°C]	Drinking water approvals	IL in-line	ES end suction	BP back panel	DN	Port-to-port length [mm]	Inlet	Outlet	AC C1	AC C2	AC C3	AC C4	AO air vent integrated	Drain valve
	15 x 130 mm	98419166	•	-	-	-	0.7	10	110	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	25 x 130 mm	98446965	•	_	_	_	0.9	10	110	-	•	_	_	25	130	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	_	-	-	-	_
Cast iron CED PN 10	25 x 180 mm	98446967	•	-	-	-	1.0	10	110	-	•	-	-	25	180	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	32 x 180 mm	98446970	•	-	-	-	1.2	10	110	-	•	-	-	32	180	G 2	G 2	-	-	-	-	-	_
	S 15 x 130 mm	97826565	•	-	-	-	0.8	10	110	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cast iron CED PN 10 for SOLAR	S 25 x 130 mm	97826550	•	-	-	-	0.9	10	110	-	•	-	-	25	130	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	S 25 x 180 mm	97825980	•	-	-	-	1.1	10	110	-	•	-	-	25	180	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	_
	N 15 x 130 mm	98930212	-	•	-	-	1.0	10	110	•	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stainless steel,	N 25 x 130 mm	98601971	-	•	-	-	1.0	10	110	•	•	-	-	25	130	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
PN 10	N 25 x 180 mm	98601972	-	•	-	-	1.2	10	110	•	•	-	_	25	180	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	N 32 x 180 mm	98601973	-	•	-	-	1.4	10	110	•	•	-	-	32	180	G 2	G 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	GGES3	98648502	•	-	-	-	1.1	10	110	-	-	•	-	15	65	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	_
	GGBP3	98648481	•	-	-	-	1.7	10	110	-	-	-	•	15	117	24.5	25	-	-	-	-	-	_
Cast iron CED PN 10	GGMBP3	98662017	•	_	_	_	1.2	10	110	_	-	_	•	15	90	26.0	19.0	-	_	_	_	_	_
	GGAOS3	98924189	•	-	-	-	1.3	10	110	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	Rp 3/8	-
PPS PN 10	CIL3 PPS	98560033	-	-	•	-	0.2	10	95	•	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	_
	CIL3 PA 6.6	98560032	-	-	-		0.2	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	CES3	98651949	-	-	-	•	0.1	3	95	-	-	•	-	15	87	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	CIAO2	98650878	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	•	-
	CIAO2 AC	98650880	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	10	-	-	-	•	
Composite PA 6.6 PN 3 (customised	CACAO	98095186	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	14	14	10	10	•	_
versions not	CESAO1	98672445	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	-	•	-	15	94	18	18	6	10	-	-	•	_
included, available on request)	CESAO2	97992027	_	_	_	•	0.2	3	95	-	-	•	_		94	G 3/4	18	6	10	-	-	•	
	CESAO3	Coming so	on																				
	CESAO4	98096544	_	_	_	•	0.3	3	95	_	_	•	_	15	87	G 1	18	_	_	_	_	•	_
	AOKR	59547502	_	_	_	•	0.3	3	95	-	•	_	_	15	128	G 1	28	28	28	21	_	•	•
	CAOD	98763350					0.3	3	95					-	128	G 1	28		21		-	-	

Composite PA6.6 pumps with threaded flat sealings

Since 1989, Grundfos has been manufacturing and selling pump housings and integrated hydraulic units of polymeric composite, primarily PA6.6 with 30 % glass-fibre reinforcement. When using composite, the optimal design of connections is clip or hair-pin, because of their low internal stress-generating level.

For threaded connections, the full thread length must be used. The maximum assembly torque (e.g. $30 \text{ Nm} \pm 10$) is mentioned in the specifications of the pump. We recommend to use EPDM gaskets.

For reason of overload risk, Grundfos does not recommend to use composite threads for standalone connections outside appliances.

All PA6.6 housings are defined as integrated. For integrated pumps, the respective pump heads are tested according to EN 16297/3 on a reference housing.

Expected lifetime of composite PA6.6 housings

The expected lifetime of composite PA6.6 housings in heating applications depends on the liquid temperature and the system pressure.

The liquid temperature must not exceed 95 °C.

For composite housings, Grundfos recommends that the system pressure does not exceed 3 bar (0.3 MPa), for cast-iron housings 6 bar (0.6 MPa). For shorter periods of time, for example in fault scenarios, the composite housing can withstand 6 bar (0.6 MPa).

The expected lifetime also depends on the time/ temperature profile of the application, based on which an equivalent constant liquid temperature can be calculated. The influence of the liquid temperature between 60 °C and 95 °C on the expected lifetime is shown in the following diagram.

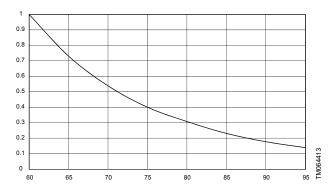


Diagram temperature/expected lifetime for PA 6.6 30 % GF

X-axis	Constant liquid temperature [°C]
Y-axis	Expected lifetime factor

Related information

Liquid temperature

Combination of housings for UPM3S control variants

UPM3 standard range		UPM3S													
			PWM		LIN		FLEX AS		AUTO	HYBRID					
Housing		XX-40	XX-50	XX-60	XX-60	XX-40	XX-50	XX-60	XX-60	XX-60					
	15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
Cast iron CED,	25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
PN 10	25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
	32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
	N 15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
Stainless steel, PN 10	N 25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
	N 25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
	N 32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					
	GGES3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	GGBP3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	GGMBP3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	GGAOS3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	CIL3 PA 6.6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	CES3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	CIAO2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
Composite PA	CIAO2 AC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
6.6, PN 3	CACAO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	CESAO1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	CESAO2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	CESAO3 (coming soon)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	CESAO4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	AOKR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							
	CAOD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•							

Combination of housings for UPM3 control variants

UPM3 standard	l range									UF	PM3							
			P۱	٧м		LIN	F	LEX	AS	Αl	JTO		SOLAR		DHW	,	НҮ	BRID
Housing		XX-50	09-XX	XX-70	XX-75	XX-75	XX-50	XX-70	XX-75	XX-50	XX-70	XX-75	XX-10 5 XX-14 5	XX-20	XX-50	XX-70	XX-50	09-XX
	15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•
Cast iron CED,	25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•
PN 10	25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•
	32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•
Cast iron CED, PN 10, for SOLAR	S 15 x 130 mm												• •					
	S 25 x 130 mm												• •					
	S 25 x 180 mm																	
Stainless steel, PN 10	N 15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
	N 25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
	N 25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
	N 32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
PPS, PN 10	CIL3 PPS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•	•		
	GGES3		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	GGBP3		•	•	•	•												
	GGMBP3		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	GGAOS3		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CIL3 PA 6.6		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CES3		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CIAO2		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
Composite PA	CIAO2 AC		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
6.6, PN 3	CACAO		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CESAO1		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CESAO2		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CESAO3 (coming soon)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CESAO4		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	AOKR		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CAOD		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						

Combination of housings for UPM3L control variants

UPM3 standard	l range			UPM3L		
		PWM	LIN	FLEX AS	AUTO	HYBRID
Housing		XX-75	XX-75	XX-75	XX-70	XX-70
Cast iron CED, PN 10	15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•
	25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•
	25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•
	32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•
	N 15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•
Stainless steel,	N 25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•
PN 10	N 25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•
	N 32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•
PPS, PN 10	CIL3 PPS	•	•	•		
	GGES3	•	•	•		
	GGBP3	•	•	•		
	GGMBP3	•	•	•		
	GGAOS3	•	•	•		
	CIL3 PA 6.6	•	•	•		
	CES3	•	•	•		
	CIAO2	•	•	•		
Composite PA	CIAO2 AC	•	•	•		
6.6, PN 3	CACAO	•	•	•		
	CESAO1	•	•	•		
	CESAO2	•	•	•		
	CESAO3 (coming soon)	•	•	•		
	CESAO4	•	•	•		
	AOKR	•	•	•		
	CAOD	•	•	•		

Combination of housings for UPMO control variants

UPM3 standard range		UPMO			
Housing		XX-50	XX-60	XX-70	
Cast iron CED, PN 10, for UPMO	O 15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	
	O 25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	
	O 25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	

10. Installation

Pumped liquids



The pump must not be used for circulation of flammable liquids such as diesel oil and petrol.



Risk of malfunction or damage when inhibitors or additives are added to the pumped liquids.

The pump is suitable for the following liquids:

- Clean, thin, non-aggressive and non-explosive liquids, not containing solid particles or fibres.
- In heating systems, the water must meet the requirements of accepted standards on water quality in heating systems, for example the German standard VDI 2035.
- The pH must be between 8.2 and 9.5. The minimum value depends on the water hardness and must not be below 7.4 at 4 °dH (0.712 mmol/l).
- The electrical conductivity at 25 °C must be ≥ 10 microS/cm.
- Mixtures of water with antifreeze media such as glycol with a kinematic viscosity lower than 10 mm²/s (10 cSt). When selecting a pump, the viscosity of the pumped liquid must be taken into consideration. If the pump is used for a liquid with a higher viscosity, the hydraulic performance of the pump is reduced.
- Solar media as used in typical solar thermal systems containing up to 50 Vol % of antifreeze media.
- For drinking water systems, approved housings must be used, such as CIL3 PPS or stainless steel N.
 These pumps and their components in contact with water are approved by WRAS (GB), ACS (FR), KTW (DE) and DIN DVGW W270 (DE).
- In domestic hot-water systems, the pump must be used only for water with a degree of temporary hardness of less than 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH).
 To avoid lime problems in hard waters, the medium temperature must not exceed 65 °C.
- The water quality of test beds for the final production tests of complete heating appliances including pump must be observed to avoid calcification or biofilm formation during a longer storage period.

Ambient temperature

The ambient temperature must not exceed 70 °C (measured in a distance of not more than 5 cm in front of the front foil at its lower edge). The ambient temperature of UPM3L must not exceed 55 °C.

Relative humidity

IP44: The relative humidity must not exceed 95 % in a non-condensing environment.



The dew point of the air at ambient temperature should always be lower than the liquid temperature, otherwise condensation may form in the stator housing. K-Version/IPX4D: Condensation is acceptable.

Storage temperature

-40 to +75 °C.

Liquid temperature

Note: For further lifetime evaluation, the temperature profile must be defined.

UPM3 with cast iron or stainless-steel housing:

- max. 110 °C at 70 °C ambient temperature
- max. 130 °C at 60 °C ambient temperature

The above mentioned temperature ranges do not take temperature limitations of the drinking water approvals into account.

UPM3 with composite housing (PA 6.6): max. 95 °C UPM3L: max. 95 °C at 55 °C ambient temperature UPM3, IP44 above dew point of ambient air: min. 2 °C UPM3, IP4XD as K version with drain hole: min. -10 °C

Related information

Overview of operating panel control modes

Expected lifetime of composite PA6.6 housings

Inlet pressure

To avoid cavitation noise and damage to the pump bearings, the following minimum pressures are required at the pump inlet port.

Liquid temperature	75 °C	95 °C	110 °C
Pressure	0.005 MPa	0.05 MPa	0.108 MPa
riessule	0.05 bar	0.5 bar	1.08 bar

Storing and transporting the product

- Observe the permissible ambient conditions.
- Protect the storage location from rain, humidity, condensation, direct sunlight and dust.
- Maximum storage time (without power supply): 2 years from delivery.
- Use appropriate lifting and transporting devices.
- Observe the maximum stacking height of pallets.

Non-observance of the safety instructions may have dangerous consequences for persons, the environment and the product.

Installation

Mechanical installation



Mechanical installation must be carried out by trained persons in accordance with local regulations.



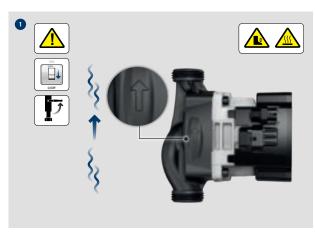
The pump must always be installed with horizontal motor shaft within \pm 5 $^{\circ}.$



Arrows on the pump housing indicate the liquid flow direction through the pump. The pump is designed to be installed with horizontal shaft pumping upwards, downwards or horizontally.

For mounting dimensions, see the data sheets.

- The pump must be installed in the system in such a
 way that no major amount of air flowing through or
 gathering in the pump housing affects the pump when
 it is out of operation.
- If an additional non-return valve is installed in the flow pipe, there is a high risk of dry-running, because the air cannot pass the valve.
- It must be possible to vent the system at the highest part of each system segment.
- Permanent venting is recommended.

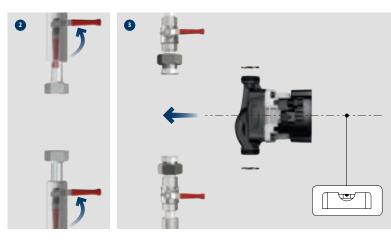


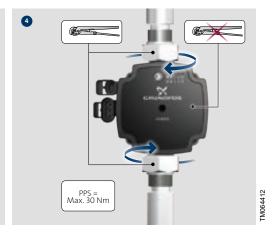












Mechanical installation

Installation

Control box positions

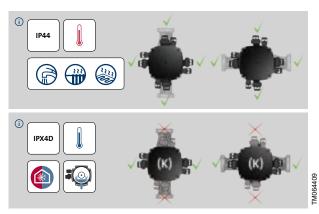
The control box gives access to the terminals from the front. If necessary, you can turn the control box in steps of 90 degrees:

- 3 o'clock
- 6 o'clock
- 9 o'clock
- 12 o'clock.

As standard, the operating panel is in the top position (12 o'clock) when the terminals are in 9 o'clock position. The front foil can be placed in four different positions. This allows you to place it in a horizontal position no matter the orientation of the control box.

bserve the following:

- IP44 versions without drain holes: All positions are allowed.
- IPX4D versions with drain holes (UPM3K, UPM3 SOLAR): The drain hole must point downwards after installation. Only connector positions to the side are possible.



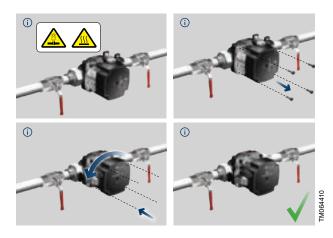
Changing the control box position

- 1. Remove the screws that hold the pump head.
- 2. Turn the control box into the desired position.
- 3. Fit the screws.
- Tighten the new screws securely.

The nameplate position cannot be changed.



Before dismantling the pump, drain the system or close the isolating valves on either side of the pump.



Changing the control box position

Insulation

When insulating the pump, the front plate of the control box must not be covered in order to allow cooling by the surrounding air.

If the pump is installed inside a cabinet, a boiler or a heating kit encapsulated with insulation shells, the inside air temperature has to be measured and it must not be higher than 70 °C during operation.



Insulation of a pump

Preventing the pump from blocking

To prevent the pump from blocking, do as follows:

- Once installation is complete, the pump must run for two hours to vent the system.
- 2. Make sure that the pump runs for a period of time every day.

Electrical installation

11. Electrical installation

DANGER Electric shock



Minor or moderate personal injury

 Before starting any work at the pump, switch off the power supply. Make sure that the power supply cannot be switched on accidentally.



All electrical connections must be carried out by a qualified electrician in accordance with local regulations.



The pump is not a safety component and cannot be used to ensure functional safety in the final appliance.

- The pump requires no external motor protection.
- Check that the supply voltage and frequency correspond to the values stated on the nameplate.
- The pump must not be used with an external speed control which varies the supply voltage.
- If an earth leakage circuit breaker is used, check which type it is.
- If an external relay is used, check if it can stand the inrush current.

Supply voltage

1 x 230 V + 10 %/- 15 %, 50/60 Hz.

The pump is externally controlled via PWM signal, LIN bus signal or internally speed-controlled by a frequency converter. Therefore, the pump must not be used with an external speed control which varies the supply voltage for example phase-cut or pulse-cascade control.

Reduced supply voltage

The pump operation is ensured above 160 VAC with reduced performance.

Pumps with PWM and LIN bus control

If the voltage falls below 190 VAC, a low voltage warning is sent via the PWM or LIN bus signal.

If the voltage falls below 160 VAC, the pump stops and a low voltage alarm is sent via the PWM or LIN bus signal.

Pumps in internal control mode

If the voltage falls below 160 VAC, the pump stops and shows an alarm.

Earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB)

DANGER

Electric shock





In case of an insulation fault, the fault current may be a DC or pulsating DC. Observe national legislation about requirements for and selection of Residual Current Device (RCD) when installing the pump.

Leakage current

The pump mains filter will cause a leakage current to earth during operation.

Leakage current: < 3.5 mA.

High-voltage test

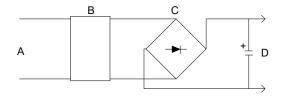
All Grundfos pumps are tested with 1000 VAC for 1 second according to EN 60335-1 Annex A.

ECM pumps incorporate filter components (including Y capacitors) that are connected to protective earth. The capacitors are class Y2 film capacitors with normal requirements. Every high-voltage test exposes the Y capacitors to high voltage.

The voltage level and the amount of tests should be as low as possible, in order to grant longest lifetime in the market. Additional standard high-voltage tests of the complete pump including filter should be avoided to eliminate the risk of filter damage.

Inrush current

All electronic pumps contain electronic units that must be protected by filters, including capacitors and ECM pumps frequency converters with AC/DC rectifiers containing capacitors, to equalize the waves. This is not the case in most asynchronous pumps.



Rectification of VAC voltage to DC voltage

Pos.	Description		
Α	Mains		
В	EMC filter		
С	Rectifier		
D	Bulk capacitor		

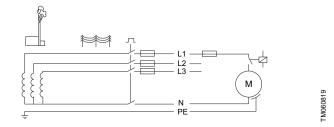
The load of electronically commutated motors (ECM) behaves as a capacitive load and not as a motor load like in a standard pump.

At start, the capacitor is unloaded. Hereby the amplitude of the current peak depends on the grid impedance, until the capacitor is charged. The faster the capacitor is charged, the higher amplitude, and the faster the pump can be started. After this period of time, the current will drop to the rated current.

Definition: Inrush current is the current peak charging the capacitors in the electronics when the supply voltage is connected.

Note: When discussing measurements, it is important to refer to the same method. Since 2007, Grundfos uses the IEC 61000-3-3 Annex B method for measuring inrush current.

The inrush current peak charges the bulk capacitor to 325 VDC as fast as the power grid allows. That shows that inrush current is not only depending on the integrated electronics but as well on the impedance of the grid.



If you use a relay to switch the power supply of the pump, you risk excessive wear on the relay contact surface. To avoid such problems, there are various external and internal solutions.

External solutions in the controller of the appliance unit

- Specific relays with silver tin oxide (AgSnO₂) inrush relay contacts.
- Switching at ZERO crossing.
- Standby operation pump only switches via the PWM signal.

Internal solutions in the pump

- NTC resistor in the power input circuit (passive)
- Bypass relay with PTC resistor or solid state inrush reduction controlled by the electronics (active)

UPM3 pumps are available with different hardware:

Related information

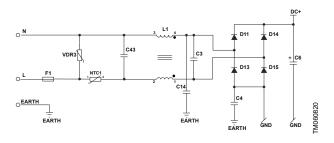
TM060822

NTC resistor (passive option)

Relay and PTC (active - standard for UPM3 HYBRID variants)

NTC resistor (passive option)

We recommend that you use this option for pumps that are permanently connected to the grid and switched on/off by external PWM signal.



NTC option

At startup the operating temperature of the pump including the NTC resistor is cold. In this situation the NTC resistor has a high resistance and is able to limit the inrush current down to ~ 10 A.

During operation the operating temperature of the pump including NTC resistor is hot. There is no inrush current but the NTC resistance decreases so that the loss is limited.



At restart, the operator must ensure that the NTC resistor has been cooled down so that efficient operation is guaranteed. Normally, it takes 1 minute to cool down the resistor.

When the power supply to the pump is switched on and off via an external relay, you must ensure that the contact material of the relay is able to handle higher inrush currents.

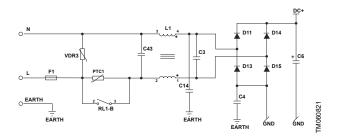
Related information

Internal solutions in the pump

Relay and PTC (active - standard for UPM3 HYBRID variants)

Relay and PTC (active - standard for UPM3 HYBRID variants)

We recommend that you use this option for pumps that are not in permanent operation and can be interrupted by a relay of the controller of the appliance.



Relay

At startup the relay is open. In this mode the PTC resistor is able to limit the inrush current down to a level of approximately 4 A.

During operation the relay is closed. In this mode the resistor is by-passed so that efficient operation is guaranteed.



The inrush current is measured on a flicker network according to IEC 61000-3-3:1994 + A1, + A2, Annex B.

Related information

Internal solutions in the pump

NTC resistor (passive option)

Electrical installation

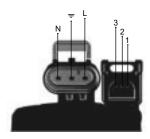
Control box connections

All UPM3 control boxes have 2 electrical connections on one side: power supply and signal connection. If the signal connection is not needed (e.g. UPM3 AUTO (L)), it can be covered by a blind plug (available as an accessory). This is not mandatory for safety reasons.

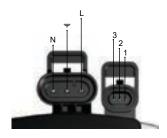


Signal connection and power connection

Pos.	Description
Α	Signal connection
В	Power connection



Connections FCI

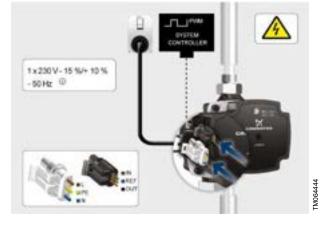


Connections Mini SS

Contact	PWM	LIN	Cable
1	PWM input	VBAT	Brown
2	Signal reference	Signal reference	Blue
3	PWM output	LIN bus signal	Black



Control box without signal connection



Control box with Mini SS connection

Power supply connection

The pump must be connected to the power supply with the TE Superseal connector. Adapters are available for cables with Molex or Volex connectors.

TE Superseal power connector



TE Superseal power connector

Reliability

- Temperature-proof and fireproof glow wire
- Waterproof

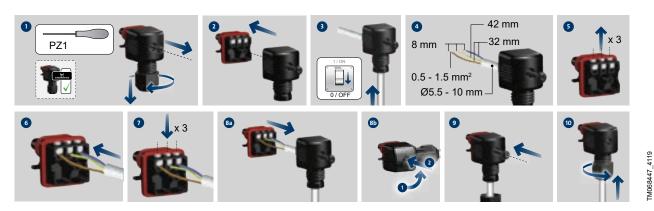
Safety

Additional locking latch with pull-out force > 100 N
 Lock can only be opened with a screwdriver
 Availability

Worldwide as TE standard

Superseal installation plug

The Grundfos Superseal installation plug can be used to mount a supply cable locally. The Superseal installation plug incorporates cable relief and a locking function for securing the connection of the supply cable. The cover of the Superseal installation plug can be mounted in two different positions, with the cable relief away from the pump or in parallel.



Superseal installation plug

Control signal connection



Connect the signal wires to the correct poles. Otherwise the pump might be damaged.

UPM3 pumps are externally speed-controlled. A signal cable is required to enable the pump control. Otherwise the pump with profile A runs continuously at maximum speed, the pump with profile C stops.

UPM3 HYBRID pumps are either internally or externally speed-controlled.

If you set the pump to external control mode (PWM A or C profile) via the operating panel, you need a signal cable. If you set the pump to internal control mode, a blind plug is available to close the signal connection. The plug is not required for safety reasons.

The signal cable connection has three leads: signal input, signal output and signal ref. The cable must be connected to the control box either by FCI or TE Mini Superseal connector. The optional signal cable can be supplied with the pump as an accessory.

The cable length can be customised to specific requirements (max. 3 m).

TE Mini Superseal connector



TE Mini Superseal connector

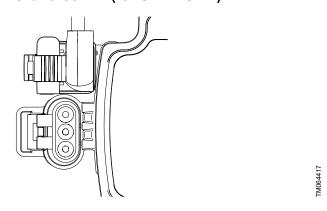
Safety

- Additional locking latch with pull-out force > 100 N
- Lock can only be opened with a screwdriver

Availability

Worldwide as TE standard.

Grundfos FCI (for UPER/UPM)



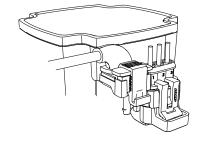
Grundfos FCI for UPER/UPM

Backwards compatibility

For replacement of UPER/UPM pumps or in appliances that use FCI plug, e.g. cable trees.

Safety

Two-part design: separate lock is needed to meet the pull-force requirements > 100 N



FCI signal cable fixed by a separate lock

Availability

Many cable suppliers use these cable connections.

Overview of technical data

Feature	Specification
Nominal supply voltage	EU: 1 x 230 V + 10 %/- 15 %, 50/60 Hz
Minimum supply voltage	160 VAC (runs with reduced performance)
Motor protection	The motor is protected by the electronics in the control box and requires no external motor protection.
Enclosure class	IP44 (standard without drain holes). K-version: IPX4D (with drain holes)
Equipment class	I (EN 60335-1)
Insulation class	F (EN 60335-1)
Temperature class	TF110 at 70 °C ambient temperature UPM3L: TF95 at 55 °C ambient temperature
High voltage protection	EN 60335-1 1000 VAC
Maximum ambient temperature	70 °C at 110 °C or 60 °C at 130 °C. UPM3L: 55 °C at 95 °C.
Maximum media temperature	95 °C for composite housings, 110 °C/130 °C for cast iron housings
Minimum media temperature	2 °C (IP44: above dew point of ambient air). K version: -10 °C.
Storage temperature	-40 to +75 °C
Maximum system pressure	1 MPa (10 bar) (depending on the housing material)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.005 MPa (0.05 bar) at 75 °C liquid temperature 0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature 0.108 MPa (1.08 bar) at 110 °C liquid temperature
Flow estimation	Available depending on the housing, accuracy: see PWM specification
Drinking water approvals (ACS, WRAS, UBA, KTW, DVGW W270)	All pump head components are compliant, except for UPM3S. Specific compliant pump housings are available.
Deblocking device	Manual deblocking device, access from front side
Deblocking software	Continuously restarting with relay after 1.33 seconds, with NTC every 0.3 - 0.4 seconds with max. torque
Dry run ability - first start	3 x 20 seconds (5 minutes interval), all pumps are lubricated with glycerine
Dry run ability - during operation	Rotor can must be filled with water: fulfils EN 60335-2-51
Expected lifetime	> 100,000 h (with specified load profile) > 500,000 on/off cycles
Minimum switching time power on/off	With NTC: 1 minute. With relay: No specific requirements.
Reaction time - power on	With relay: < 2 seconds. With NTC < 1 second
Reaction time - standby	With relay: < 2 seconds. With NTC < 1 second
Reaction time - speed change	< 1 second
Inrush current	With NTC: < 10 A. With relay: < 4 A.
Maximum leakage current	≤ 3.5 mA (EN 60335-1)
Speed range	563 to 5991 min ⁻¹ (depending on the variant)
Relative humidity	Maximum 95 %, non-condensing environment.
Standby power consumption	With relay < 1 W. With NTC < 1 W
Sleep mode power consumption	0.4 W
Surge robustness	With relay/NTC > 3 kV (DM/CM)
RF emissions	-6 dB CE / EN 55014-1,-2
Acoustic sound pressure level (LP)	≤ 32 dB(A) on cast iron housings
Maximum altitude of installation	2000 m above sea level

12. Startup

Before you start the UPM3 pump:

- 1. Mount the pump in the right way.
- 2. Check that the unions are tightened.
- 3. Check that the valves are opened.
- 4. Fill the system and vent it above the pump.
- 5. Check if the required minimum inlet pressure is available at the pump inlet.
- 6. Switch on the power supply.
- If the pump is externally controlled: Check if the external controller sends a signal that controls the speed or that might have stopped the pump.
- 8. If the pump is internally controlled: The pump starts with factory pre-setting (e.g. proportional pressure curve 3). Change the setting if necessary (see *Overview of operating panel control modes*).



Do not start the pump until the system has been filled with liquid and vented.



UPM3 pumps are self-venting and do not have to be vented before startup. Air inside the pump is transported by the liquid into the system shortly after startup.

Hint for installers:

- Heating systems must be flushed according to local standards, such as DIN EN 14336 or VOB ATV C DIN 18380, before startup. After filling the system for the first time, the pump must run for approx. 1 hour before a long-term stop.
- Inhibitors and additives increase the risk of malfunction of the pump.
- If filters are installed, they must be monitored and maintained thoroughly.









Warning: This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge, if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

Hint for OEM customers: This warning must be available in the local language when placing the product on the market. It is part of the Quick Guides.

13. Service

DANGER

Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- Before starting any work at the pump, switch off the power supply. Make sure that the power supply cannot be switched on accidentally.
- Be aware that capacitors will be live up to 30 seconds after the power supply has been switched off.

DANGER

Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



 Before dismantling the complete pump set, switch off the power supply at least 5 minutes prior to commencing work and ensure that it cannot be switched on again unintentionally.

DANGER

Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- When running in reverse, the pump acts as a generator and creates hazardous induction voltage at the motor terminals.
- Prevent the fluid from flowing back by closing the shut-off valves.

WARNING



Strong magnetic field in the rotor area

Danger of death for persons with pacemaker.

 Keep a safety distance of at least 0.3 m during disassembly.

WARNING

Toxic material

Death or serious personal injury

Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard.

CAUTION Hot surface

Minor or moderate personal injury

- Before starting to work on the pump, let the pump casing cool down to ambient temperature.



All service work must be carried out by an instructed service technician.



Before dismantling the pump, drain the system, or close the isolating valves on either side of the pump.

Maintaining the product

UPM3 pumps are maintenance-free. However, it might be necessary to deblock or to open the pump, for example, if it is blocked by impurities.

Deblocking is possible by opening the deblocking screw at the front.

 Unscrew the deblocking screw at the front of the pump head.



CAUTION

Pressurised system

Minor or moderate personal injury

- Be aware of splashing hot water.
- 2. Deblock the pump with a screwdriver.

Cleaning

If the impeller or pump housing has to be cleaned from impurities, proceed as follows:

1. Drain the system or close the isolating valves.



CAUTION

Pressurised system

Minor or moderate personal injury

- Be aware of splashing hot water.
- 1. Remove the screws that hold the pump head.
- Check impeller and pump housing and remove the impurities.
- 3. Place the pump head in the desired position, fit the screws and tighten the screws securely.

Fault finding the product

14. Fault finding the product

Noise in the pump

Cause

There is air in the pump.

Remedy

· Let the pump run. The pump vents itself over time.

Cause

Inlet pressure is too low.

Remedy

· Increase the system pressure or check the air volume in the expansion tank, if installed.

Noise in the system

Cause

There is air in the system.

Remedy

· Vent the system.

Cause

Differential pressure is too high.

Remedy

· Reduce the pump performance at the pump or external controller.

Pump is not running, no power supply

Cause

System is switched off.

Remedy

Check the system controller.

Cause

A fuse in the installation is blown.

Remedy

Replace the fuse.

Cause

Power supply failure.

Remedy

Check the power supply.

Pump is not running, normal power supply

Cause

Controller is switched off.

Remedy

Check the controller and its settings.

Cause

Pump is blocked by impurities.

Fault finding the product

Remedy

• Remove impurities. Deblock the pump from the front of the control box with a screwdriver.

Cause

Pump is defective.

Remedy

Replace the pump.

Insufficient flow

Cause

Pump performance is too low.

Remedy

· Check the external controller and the pump settings.

Cause

Hydraulic system is closed or system pressure is insufficient.

Remedy

• Check the non-return valve and filter. Increase the system pressure.

Pump runs at maximum speed and cannot be controlled

Cause

No signal from signal cable.

Remedy

Check if the cable is connected to the controller. If it is, replace the cable.

Fault indication on the operating panel

When an alarm is active, the LEDs indicate the alarm type as defined in the table below.

If multiple alarms are active at the same time, the LEDs only show the error with the highest priority. The priority is defined by the sequence of the table.

		Operating par	nel				
LED1 red	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow	Indication	Pump operation	Counter action
•				•	Rotor is blocked.	Trying to start again every 1.33 seconds.	Wait or deblock the shaft.
•			•		Supply voltage too low.	Only warning, pump runs.	Control the supply voltage.
•		•			Electrical error.	Pump is stopped because of low supply voltage or serious failure.	Control the supply voltage. Replace the pump.

See also https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cMC02526Z s.

Performance curves and technical data

15. Performance curves and technical data

Curve conditions

The guidelines below apply to the performance curves:

- · Test liquid: airless water.
- The curves apply to a density of 998.21 kg/m³ and a liquid temperature of +20 °C.
- All curves show average values and should not be used as guarantee curves. If a specific minimum performance is required, individual measurements must be made
- The curves apply to a kinematic viscosity of 1.004 mm²/s (1.004 cSt).
- The conversion between head H [m] and pressure p
 [kPa] has been made for water with a density of 1000
 kg/m³. For liquids with other densities, e.g. hot water,
 the outlet pressure is proportional to the density.
- · Curves obtained according to EN 16297.
- Pump variants with PWM signal connection are designed to be speed controlled by an external system controller. Therefore, EEI and P_{L,Avg} of the different pump heads (pumps without pump housings) are measured to be in compliance with the Ecodesign requirements of regulation EC/622/2012 with a reference housing in accordance with EN 16297-3.
- It is not obligatory to show P_{L,Avg} but it gives an indication on the yearly expectable average power consumption.
- The performance of PWM controlled pumps is measured with A profile (heating) at eight PWM values: 5 % (max.), 20 %, 31 %, 41 %, 52 %, 62 %, 73 %, 88 % (min.).
- C profile curves are measured mirrored with 95 % (max.), 80 %, 69 %, 59 %, 48 %, 38 %, 27 %, 12 % (min.)
- · Maximum curves are limited by speed and power
- Variants with two different minimum curves are available: minimum curve A (standard) at approximately 0.1 m and minimum curve J (option) at approximately 1 m.
- Other curves for different control signals or OEM housings are available on request.

Measured pump head variants

UPM	13 S	Product mark	P ₁ max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
	XX-40	GFNHB	-	≤ 0.20
PWM	XX-50	GFNHB	-	≤ 0.20
	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20
LIN	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20

UPM3S		Product mark	P ₁ max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
	XX-40	GFNHB	-	≤ 0.20
FLEX AS	XX-50	GFNHB	-	≤ 0.20
	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20
AUTO	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20
HYBRID	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20

UPM3		Product mark	P ₁ max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
PWM	XX-60	GFNKB	39	≤ 0.20
FVVIVI	XX-70	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-75	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.20
LIN	XX-75	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.20
	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
FLEX AS	XX-70	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-75	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.20
AUTO	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
AUTO	XX-70	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-75	GFNKB	45	≤ 0.20
SOLAR	XX-105	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-145	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.20
	XX-20	GFNKB	11	≤ 0.20
DHW	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
	XX-70	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
HYBRID	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
	XX-60	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20

UPM3L		Product mark	P ₁ max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
PWM	XX-75	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
LIN	XX-75	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
FLEX AS	XX-75	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
AUTO	XX-70	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
HYBRID	XX-70	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20

UP	МО	Product mark	P ₁ max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
UPMO	XX-50	GFNKB	39	≤ 0.23
UPMO	XX-60	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.23
UPMO	XX-70	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.23

Accessories

16. Accessories

Power supply Superseal

Picture	Product description	Length [mm]	Product number	Pcs/box	Product number box
	Power supply cable Superseal	1000	98460260	200	59200566
	Power supply cable Superseal	2000	98373382	100	59200567
	Power supply cable Superseal	4000	98460271	50	59200568
††	Power supply Superseal overmoulded	1000	98460258	200	59200569
	Power supply Superseal overmoulded	2000	98373384	100	59200570
	Power supply Superseal overmoulded	4000	98460259	50	59200571
	Power supply Superseal, overmoulded, angled 90 °	1000	98616020	200	59200572
	Power supply Superseal, overmoulded, angled 90 °	2000	98616051	100	59200535
	Power supply Superseal, with rubber cap	1000	98664474	200	98677544

Signal cables

Picture	Product description	Length [mm]	Product number	Pcs/box	Product number box
	Signal cable Mini Superseal	1000	98460256	200	59200573
	Signal cable Mini Superseal	2000	98347385	100	59200574
	Signal cable, FCI, 3 wire, with return	1000	96645398	100	59200576
	signal	2000	97940991	100	59200578
	Signal cable, FCI, 2 wire, without return	1000	98386202	200	59200575
	signal	2000	97698929	200	59200577

Power cable adapters

Picture	Product description	Length [mm]	Product number	Pcs/box	Product number box
	Superseal Molex cable adapter, overmoulded, with rubber cap	150	98614629	100	59200661
	Superseal Volex cable adapter, overmoulded, with rubber cap	150	98614444	100	59200633

Plugs

Picture	Product description	Length [mm]	Product number	Pcs/box	Product number box
	Superseal installation plug	-	99436122	100	99171101
	Signal blind plug, FCI	-	97823485	100	59200643
	Signal blind plug, Mini Superseal	-	98451691	100	59200639
	Signal blind plug, Mini Superseal	-	98451691	500	59200640

Accessories

Gaskets

Gasket material	Pump connection	External diameter (D) [mm]	Internal diameter (d) [mm]	Thickness (s) [mm]	Product number
EDPM	G 1	29.5	21	2	504023
EDPM	G 1 1/2	44	32	2	520046
K for drinking water	G 1 1/2	44	32	2	520226
EDPM	G 2	56	40	2	530243
K for drinking water	G 2	56	40	2	530086

Insulation kits

Insulation kits for warm water applications are available on request. Insulation kits for warm water applications contain two insulation shells. The thickness of the insulation shells corresponds to the nominal diameter of the pump. The insulation kit is tailor-made for the individual pump type and encloses the entire pump housing. Both insulation shells are easy to fit around the pump.

Description	Product number
Insulation shells for UPM3 (1 kit)	98803317
Insulation shells for UPM3 (50 kits)	59200662

Diffusion-tight insulation shells for cold water applications are not available.

Quick guides, UPM3

Quick guides for different UPM3 variants are available on request.

Description	Product number
UPM3(K)	99754357
JPM3(K) FLEX AS	99754361
JPM3(K) DHW	99754366
JPM3(K) SOLAR	99754359
IPM3(K) AUTO	99754362
JPM3(K) HYBRID	99754355
JPMO	99754368

Pins, clips, O-rings

Pins, clips, O-rings for the different composite housings are available on request.

ALPHA Reader



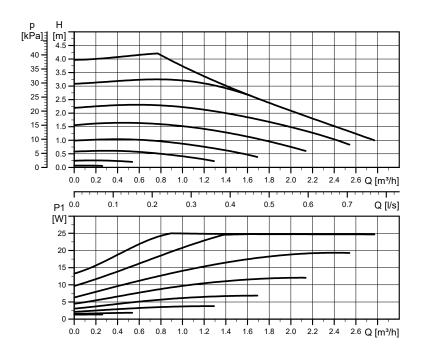
TM06857

ALPHA Reader is the receiver and transmitter of pump performance data. The unit uses a CR2032 lithium battery. The unit is together with the Grundfos GO Balance app used for balancing heating systems.

Description	Product number
ALPHA Reader MI401	98916967

17. Data sheets

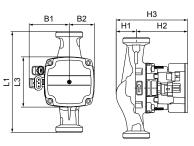
UPM3S XX-40 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 12 W

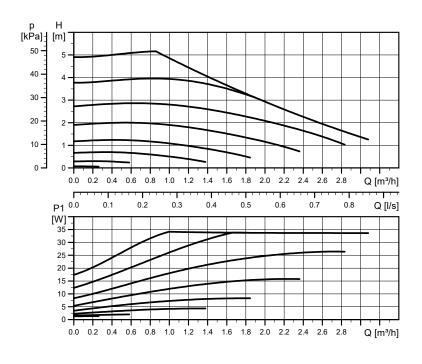
	Pump settings	
	1 factory preset	
	Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 5	0 Hz
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]
Min.	2	0.04
Max.	25	0.29

Technical data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE				



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	31 B2 H1 I		Н2	Н3	[inch]	Weight [kg] 1.8 1.9 2.0 2.2
15-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-40 130 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

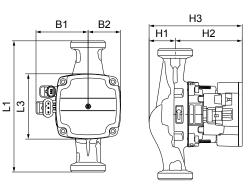
UPM3S XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 16 W

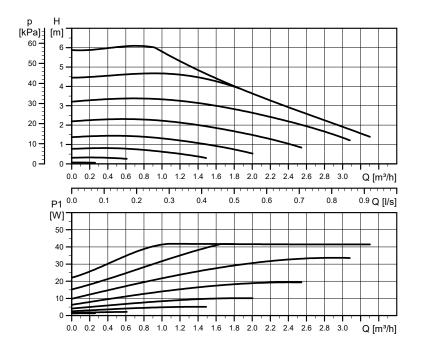
Pump settings 1 factory preset					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	34	0.36			

Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	Connections	Weight		
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

UPM3S XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 20 W

Pump settings	
1 factory preset	
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50	Hz
 D. BAG	

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]					
2	0.04					
42	0.40					
	P ₁ [W]					

Technical data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE				

Dimensions

Pump type

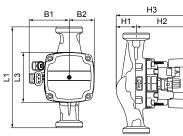
15-60 130

(N) 25-60 130

(N) 25-60 180

(N) 32-60 180

(N)

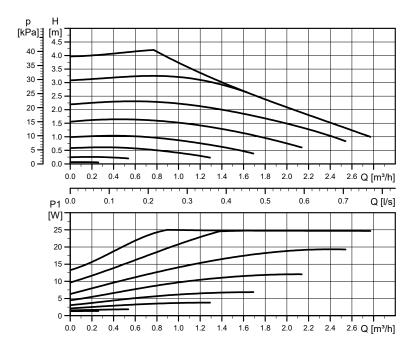


180 90 72 45 36 92 128 R 1 1/4 / G 2

					\subseteq			
Dimensions [mm]						Connections	Weight	
L1	L3	В1	B2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0

2.2

UPM3S FLEX AS XX-40 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



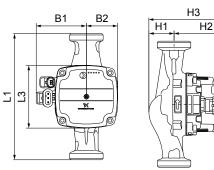
EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 20 W

Setting	Max. head _{nom} Max. P _{1 not}						
Curve 1	2 m		11 W				
Curve 2	3 m		18 W				
Curve 3	4 m		25 W				
Pump settings							
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС			
3	-	_	-	-			

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	25	0.29				

Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

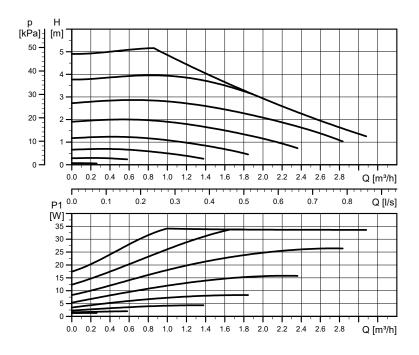
Dimensions



							TM06		
Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	22

For PWM speed curves, see *UPM3S XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)*.

UPM3S FLEX AS XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)

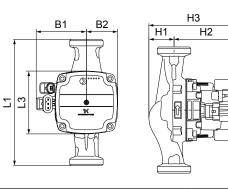


EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 $P_{L,avg} \le 20 \text{ W}$

Setting	Max. head _{nom} Max. P _{1 nor}						
Curve 1	3 m		18 W				
Curve 2	4 m		25 W				
Curve 3	5 m		33 W				
Pump settings							
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
3	-	-	-	-			

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz							
Speed	P ₁ [W] I _{1/1} [A]						
Min.	2 0.04						
Max.	33 0.36						
	Technica	l data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE				

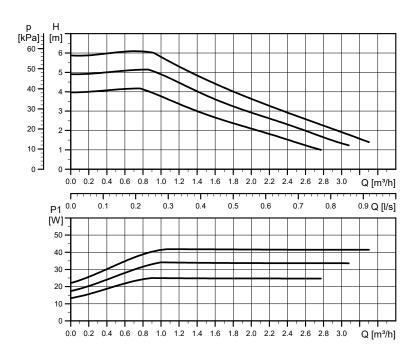
Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3S XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB).

UPM3S FLEX AS XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 20 W

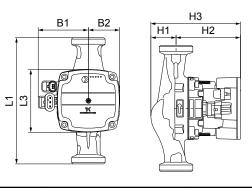
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	4 m	25 W
Curve 2	5 m	34 W
Curve 3	6 m	42 W

Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC				
3	-	-	-	-				

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	42	0.40				

Technical data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE				

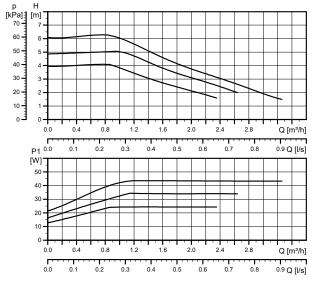
Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3S XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB).

UPM3S AUTO XX-60 130/180 (N)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 16 W

Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	4 m	25 W
Curve 2	5 m	33 W
Curve 3	6 m	39 W

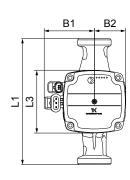
Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC				
-	-	3/AA	3/AA	3				

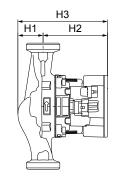
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	39	0.40				

Technical data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE				

Line type	Description				
	Constant curve				
	Proportional pressure				
	Constant pressure				

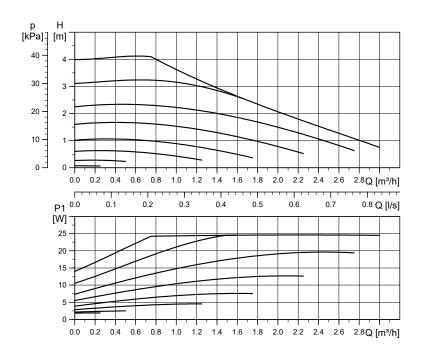
Dimensions





Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

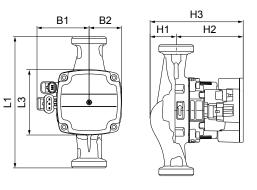
UPM3(K) XX-40 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 12 W

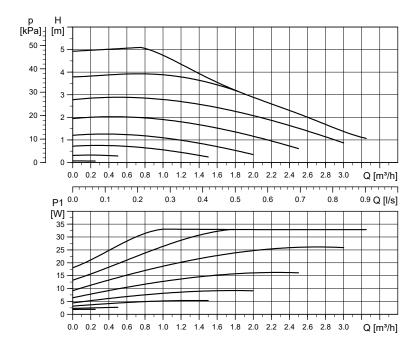
1 factory preset								
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz								
[W] I _{1/1} [A]								
2 0.04								
25 0.29								

Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					



Dump tune		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
Pump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	НЗ	[inch]	[kg]
15-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

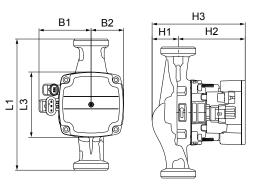
UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 16 W

	Pump settings						
1 factory preset							
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz							
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]					
Min.	2	0.04					
Max.	33	0.36					

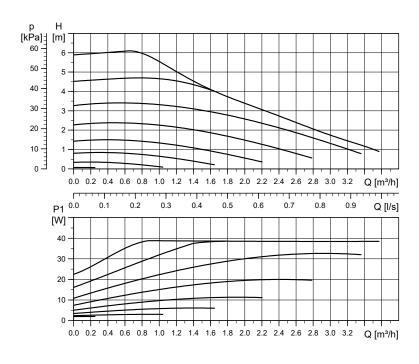
Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					



Duma tuna		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
Pump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

TM063878

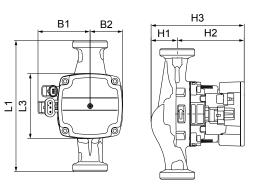
UPM3(K) XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 18 W

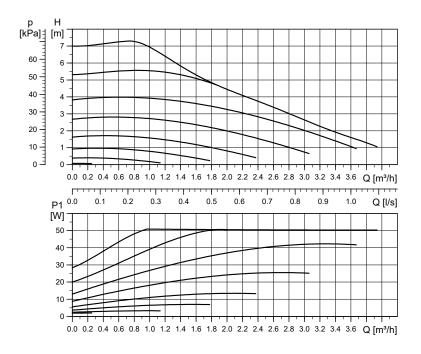
Pump settings	
1 factory preset	
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 5	60 Hz
P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]
2	0.04
39	0.42
	1 factory preset Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 5 P ₁ [W]

Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					



Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

UPM3(K) XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)

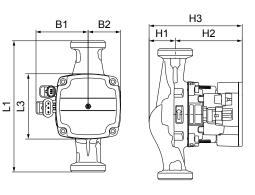


EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 23 W

	Pump settings					
	1 factory preset					
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	52	0.52				

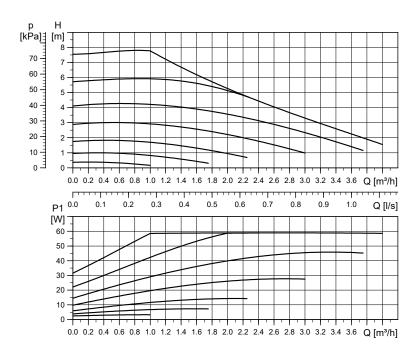
Technical data								
	recnnica	ai data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

UPM3(K) XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)

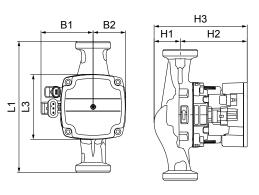


EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 28 W

	Pump settings					
	1 factory preset					
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	60	0.58				

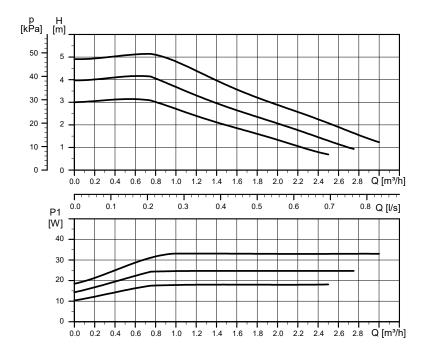
Max.	60	0.58	
	Technica	al data	
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE

Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.0

UPM3(K) FLEX AS XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 16 W

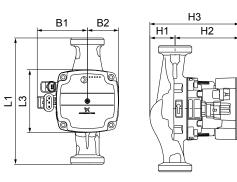
Setting	Max. head nom	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	3 m	18 W
Curve 2	4 m	25 W
Curve 3	5 m	33 W

Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС				
3	-	-	-	-				

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	33	0.36				

Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	+2 °C to +110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

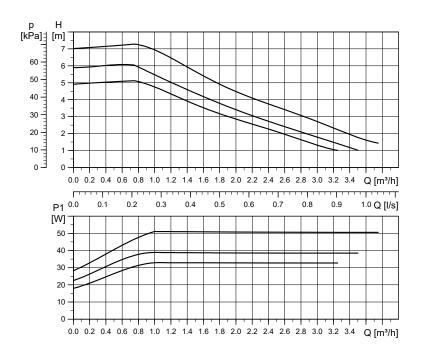
Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	Н2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see *UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)*.

UPM3(K) FLEX AS XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



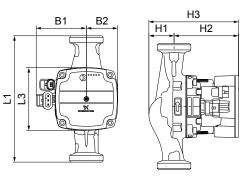
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 23 W

Setting	Max. head _{non}	1	Max. P _{1 nom}					
Curve 1	5 m		33 W					
Curve 2	6 m		39 W					
Curve 3	7 m		52 W					
Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	СР	CC				
3	-	-	-	-				

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	52	0.52				

	Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)						
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed						
Liquid temperature	+2 °C to +110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE						

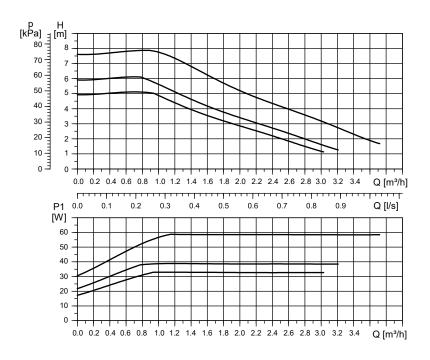
Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see *UPM3(K) XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)*.

UPM3(K) FLEX AS XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



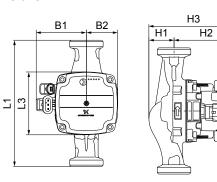
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 28 W

Setting	Max. head _{non}	1	Max. P _{1 nom}				
Curve 1	5 m		33 V	33 W			
Curve 2	6 m		39 W				
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W				
	Pump sett	ings					
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС			
3	-	-					

I _{1/1} [A]
0.04
0.58

Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	+2 °C to +110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

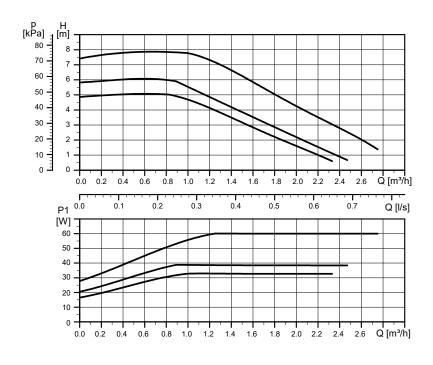
Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	НЗ	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.0

For PWM speed curves, see *UPM3(K) XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)*.

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CIL3 (GFNKB)



EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 28 W

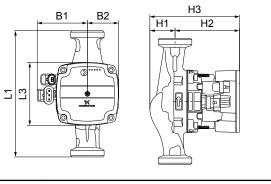
3

Setting	Max. head _{norr}	1	Max. P _{1 nom}					
Curve 1	5 m	5 m 33 W						
Curve 2	6 m	6 m 39 W						
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W					
	Pump sett	inas						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			CC				
PWM A	PWM C	PWM C PP CP						

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	60	0.58			

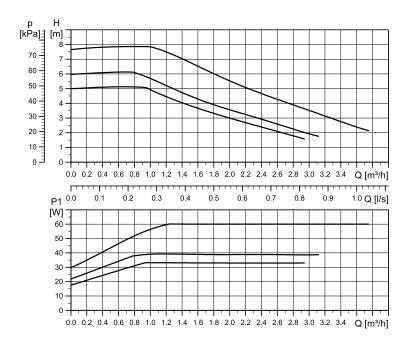
	Technical data								
System pressure	PA 6.6: Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar) PPS: Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)						
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed						
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE						

Dimensions



Pump type		D	Dimensions [mm] Connections Weight				Weight		
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	НЗ	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CIL3	130	90	72	45	28	96	124	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 GGES3 (GFNKB)



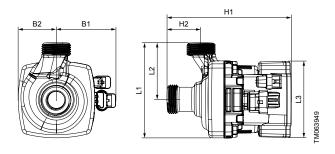
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 28 W

Setting	Max. head _{non}	Max. head _{nom} Max							
Curve 1	5 m	5 m 33 W							
Curve 2	6 m	6 m 39 W							
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W						
	Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC					

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	60	0.58			

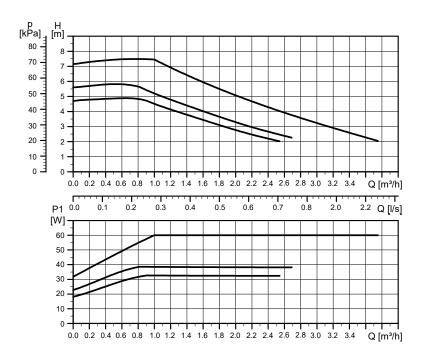
Technical data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

Dimensions



Bump tune		Dimensions [mm] Connections Weigh			Weight				
Pump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 GGES3	110	65	90	72	47	141	39	R 1/2 / G 1	2.0

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 GGMBP3 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

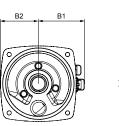
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

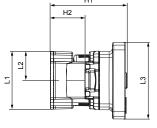
	Pump set	tings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC
3	-	-	-	-

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	60	0.58			

Technical data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

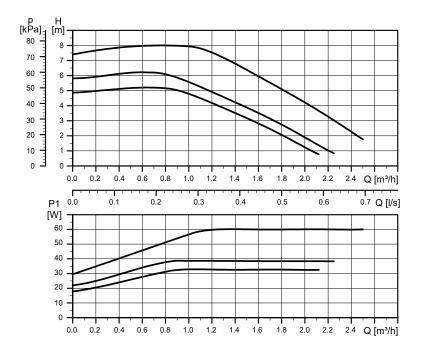
Dimensions





Bump tupo		D	imer	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Pump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 GGMBP3	93	46.5	90	72	47	114	48.5	19/26	2.2

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 GGBP3 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

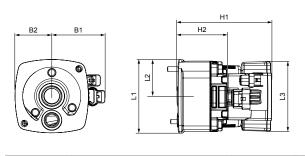
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

	Pump sett	tings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC
4	-	-	-	-

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	60	0.58			

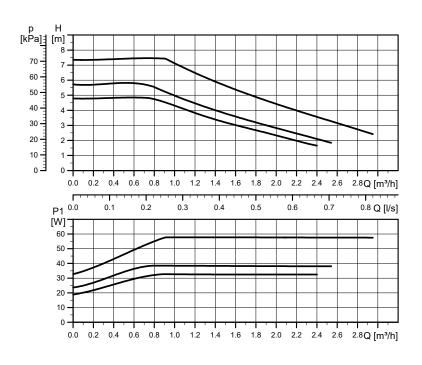
Technical data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

Dimensions



Pump type		Di	men	sion	Connections Weigh				
rump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	H1	H2	НЗ	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 GGBP3	117	58.5	90	72	58.5	115	39	2 x 24.5	2.7

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 GGAOS3 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

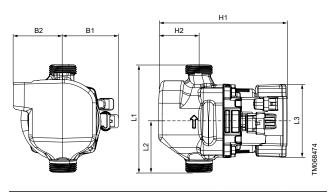
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

	Pump sett	tings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC
3	-	-	-	-

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz							
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]					
Min.	2	0.04					
Max.	60	0.58					

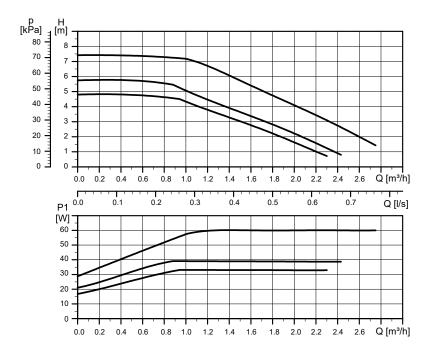
Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

Dimensions



Dump tupo		D	imen	sion	Connections Weigh				
Pump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	Н1	H2	НЗ	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 GGAOS3	130	62	90	72	58	151	47	R 1/2 / G 1 Rp 3/8	1.8

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CIAO2 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

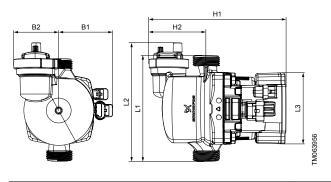
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

	Pump set	tings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC
3	-	-	-	-

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]					
Min. 2	0.04					
Max. 60	0.58					

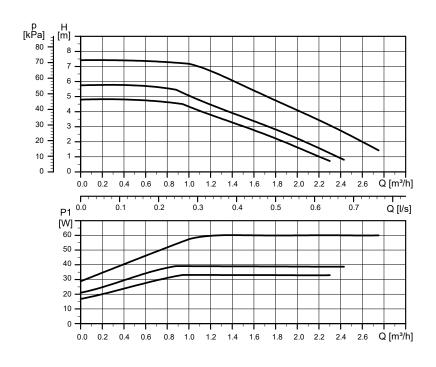
	Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)						
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed						
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE						
	· ·	•	· ·						

Dimensions



Pump type		Di	men	sions	[mr	n]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	НЗ	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CIAO2	130	148	90	72	55	173	77	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CIAO2 AC (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

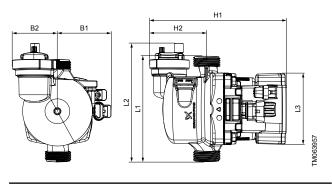
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

Pump settings							
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
4	-	-	-	-			

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed P ₁ [W] I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04		
Max.	60	0.58		

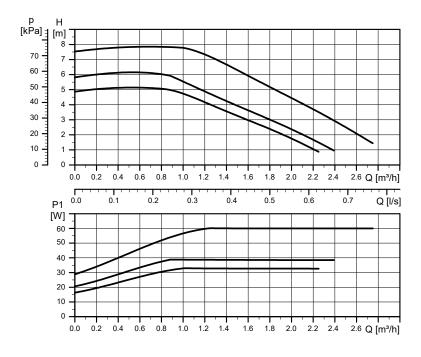
Technical data					
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		
	-		•		

Dimensions



Pump type		Di	men	sions	[mr	n]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	НЗ	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CIAO2 AC	130	148	90	72	55	173	77	2 x G 1 + D 10	1.3

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CES3 (GFNKB)



EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 28 W

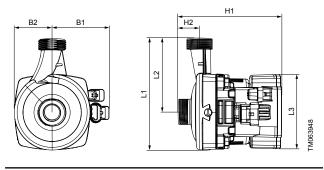
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

Pump settings						
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC		
3	-	-	-	-		

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]	
Min.	2	0.04	
Max.	60	0.58	

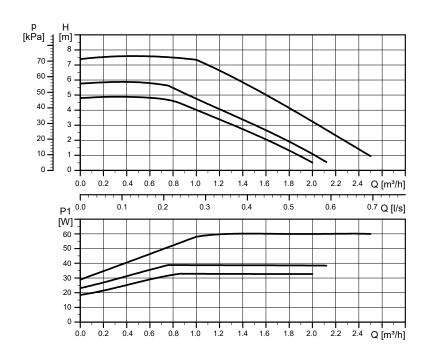
Technical data					
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

Dimensions



Dump tupo		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Pump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	Н1	H2	НЗ	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CES3	132	87	90	72	47	120	25	R 1/2 / G 1	1.2

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CACAO (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

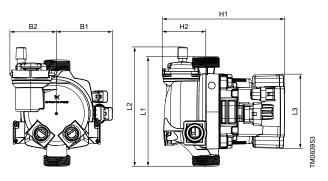
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}			
Curve 1	5 m	33 W			
Curve 2	6 m	39 W			
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W			
	Pump settings				
g					

Pump settings						
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC		
3	-	-	-	-		

Electrical data, 1 X 230 V, 50 HZ				
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]		
Min.	2	0.04		
Max.	60	0.58		

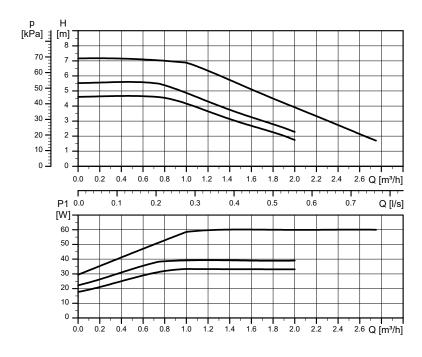
Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

Dimensions



Pump type —		Di	men	sions	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CACAO	130	137	90	72	54	144	53	2 x G 1 2 x D 14 2 x D 10	1.3

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CESAO1 (GFNKB)



EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 28 W

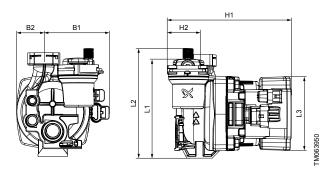
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC				
3	-	-	-	-				

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz							
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]					
Min.	2	0.04					
Max.	60	0.58					

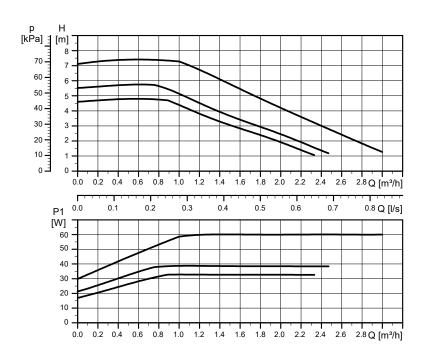
	Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)						
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed						
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE						

Dimensions



Pump type		Di	Dimensions [mm] Connections Weigh			Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CESAO1	124	128	90	72	45	144	45	2 x D 18 / D 10 / D 6	1.3

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CESAO2 (GFNKB)



EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 28 W

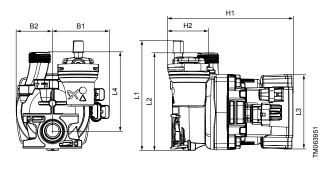
Setting	Max. head _{norr}	1	Max. P _{1 nom}							
Curve 1	5 m		33 W							
Curve 2	6 m		39 W							
Curve 3	7.5 m	n 60 W								
	Pump settings									
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС						

	Pump settings									
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC						
3	-	-	-	-						

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz								
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]						
Min.	2	0.04						
Max.	60	0.58						

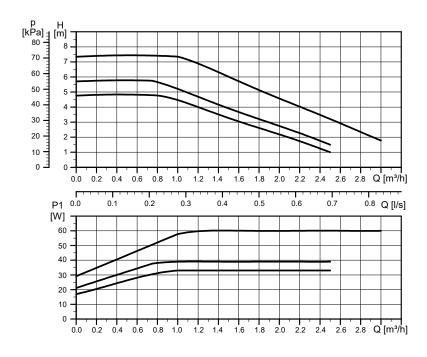
	Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)						
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed						
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE						

Dimensions



Pump type			Dime	ensi	ons [mm]			Connections	Weight
r unip type	L1	L2	L3	L4	В1	B2	H1	H2	[inch / mm]	[kg]
15-75 CESAO2	138	116	90	87	72	45	144	45	G 3/4 / D 18 / D 10 / D 6	1.3

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CESAO4 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

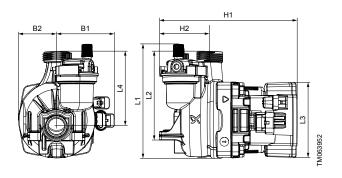
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

Pump settings							
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
3	-	-	-	-			

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]		
Min.	2	0.04		
Max.	60	0.58		

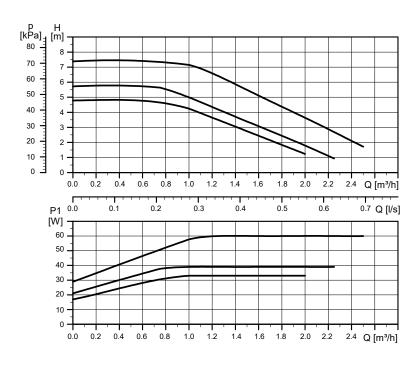
Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

Dimensions



Pump type		ı	Dime	ensio	ons [mm]			Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L2	L3	L4	В1	B2	H1	H2	[inch / mm]	[kg]
15-75 CESAO4	138	126	90	93	88	29	144	45	G 1 / D 18	1.3

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 AOKR (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

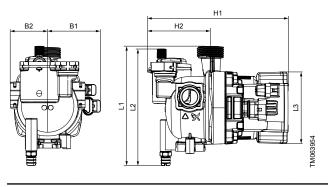
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	СР	CC				
3	-	-	-	-				

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	60	0.58			

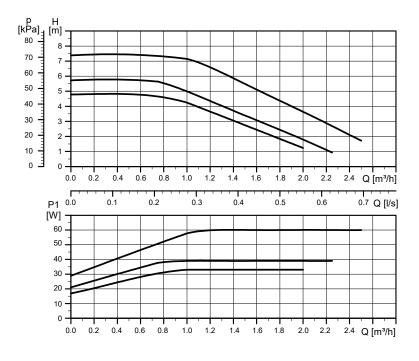
Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

Dimensions



Pump type		Di	men	sions	s [mr	n]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
								G 1	
15-75 AOKR	148	151	90	72	45	172	79	3 x D 28 D 21	1.4
								D 2 1	

UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CAOD (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 28 W

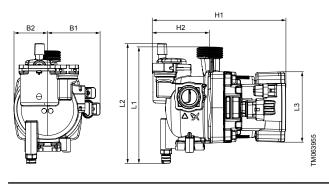
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	33 W
Curve 2	6 m	39 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 W

Pump settings							
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
3	-	-	-	-			

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	60	0.58			

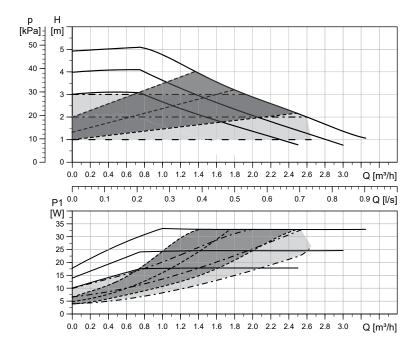
Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections Weig		
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]	
								G 1		
15-75 CAOD	148	151	90	72	45	172	79	2 x D 28 D 21	1.4	

UPM3(K) AUTO XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



Line type	Description	
	Constant curve	
	Proportional pressure	
	Constant pressure	

M061180

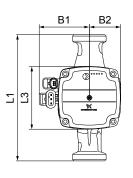
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 16 W

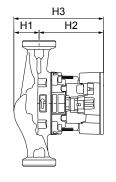
Setting	Max. head	nom	Max. P ₁	nom			
Curve 1	3 m		18 W	,			
Curve 2	4 m 25 W						
Curve 3	5 m 33 W			I			
Pump settings							
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
_	_	3/AA	3/AA	3			

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz							
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]					
Min.	4	0.06					
Max.	33	0.36					

System pressure Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar) Enclosure class IP44 (non-condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing) Minimum inlet pressure 0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature Motor protection protection needed No external protection needed	Technical data						
Minimum inlet bar) at 95 °C liquid protection protection	•	`		condensing) K: IPX4D			
		bar) at 95 °C liquid		protection			
Liquid temperature 2-110 °C (TF110) Approval and marking VDE, CE	•	2-110 °C (TF110)		VDE, CE			

Dimensions



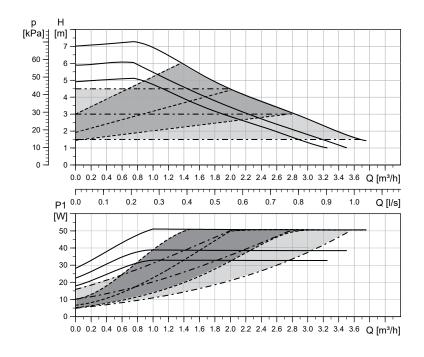


000001

Dimensions

Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections Weigh		
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]	
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8	
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9	
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0	
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2	

UPM3(K) AUTO XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
	Constant pressure

M064470

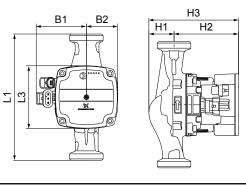
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 25 W

Setting	Max. head	nom	Max. P ₁	nom
Curve 1	5 m	5 m		
Curve 2	6 m	39 W	/	
Curve 3	7 m	52 W		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC
-	-	3/AA	3/AA	3

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.07			
Max.	52	0.52			

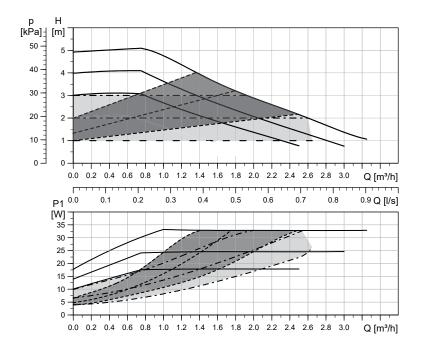
Technical data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

UPM3(K) HYBRID XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
	Constant pressure

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 $P_{L,avg} \le 16 \text{ W}$

Setting	Max. head	nom	Max. P _{1 nom}		
Curve 1	3 m		18 W	/	
Curve 2	4 m		25 W	/	
Curve 3	5 m		33 W	I	
	Pump	settings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
	1	3/AA	3/AA	3	

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed P ₁ [W] I 1/1 [A]					
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	33	0.36			

Technical data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

Dimensions

Pump type

15-50 130 (N)

25-50 130 (N)

25-50 180 (N)

32-50 180 (N)

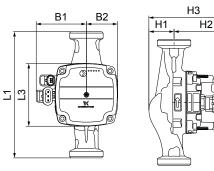
L1

130 90 72 45

130

180 90

180 90 72 45 36



	M))					TM063879
Di	men	sion	s [mı	m]		Connections	Weight
L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0

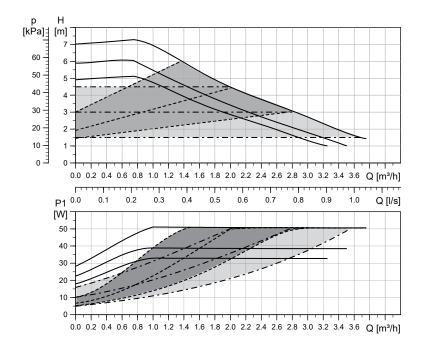
R 1 1/4 / G 2

2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

92 128

UPM3(K) HYBRID XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
	Constant pressure
	•

M061179

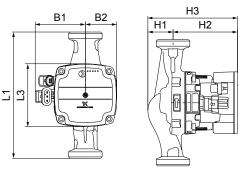
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 25 W

Setting	Max. head	nom	Max. P ₁	nom
Curve 1	5 m		33 W	/
Curve 2	6 m		39 W	/
Curve 3	7 m		52 W	1
	Pump	settings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	СР	CC
3	1	3/AA	3/AA	3

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed P ₁ [W] I _{1/1} [A]						
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	52	0.52				

Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

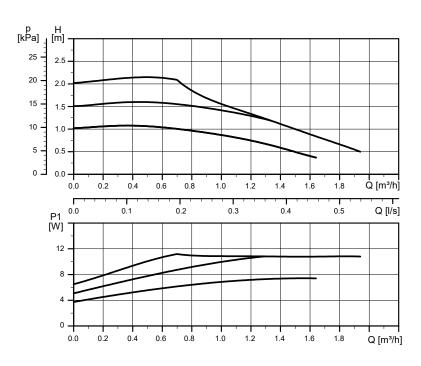
Dimensions



<u> </u>				J		C			TMC
Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-70 180 (N)	180	٩n	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	22

For PWM speed curves, see *UPM3(K) XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)*.

UPM3(K) DHW XX-20 130/180 N (GFNKB)



EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 7 W

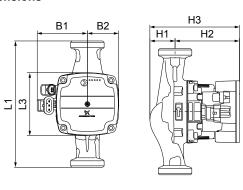
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	1 m	7 W
Curve 2	1.5 m	9 W
Curve 3	2 m	11 W

Pump settings									
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC					
3	-	-	-	-					

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz								
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]						
Min.	2	0.04						
Max.	12	0.14						

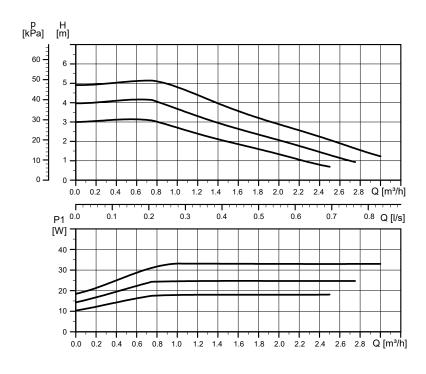
Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval	VDE, CE, drinking water approvals KTW					
Temporary hardness	orary Max. 3 mmol/l	and marking	(DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)					

Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	Н2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
25-20 130 N	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.1
25-20 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.2
32-20 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.4

UPM3(K) DHW XX-50 130/180 N (GFNKB)



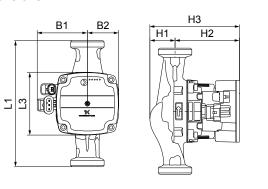
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 16 W

Setting	Max. head _{non}	Max. P _{1 nom}						
Curve 1	3 m	3 m 18 W						
Curve 2	4 m	4 m 25 W						
Curve 3	5 m 33 W							
Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС				
3	-	-	-	-				

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz							
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]					
Min.	2	0.04					
Max.	33	0.36					

Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval	VDE, CE, drinking water approvals KTW					
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l and	and marking	(DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)					

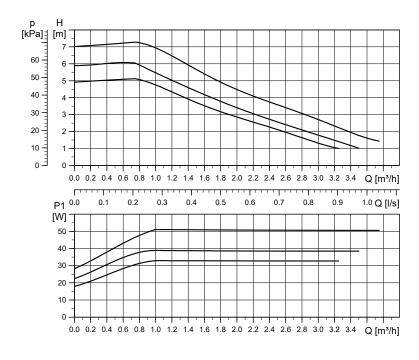
Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
25-50 130 N	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.1
25-50 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.2
32-50 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.4

For PWM speed curves, see *UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)*.

UPM3(K) DHW XX-70 130/180 N (GFNKB)



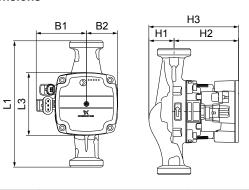
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 23 W

Setting	Max. head _{non}	Max. P _{1 nom}						
Curve 1	5 m	5 m 33 W						
Curve 2	6 m		39 W					
Curve 3	7 m	52 W						
Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС				
3	-	-	-	-				

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz							
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]					
Min.	2	0.04					
Max.	52	0.52					

Technical data										
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)							
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed							
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	. Approval	VDE, CE, drinking water approvals KTW							
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	(DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)							
	·	·	•							

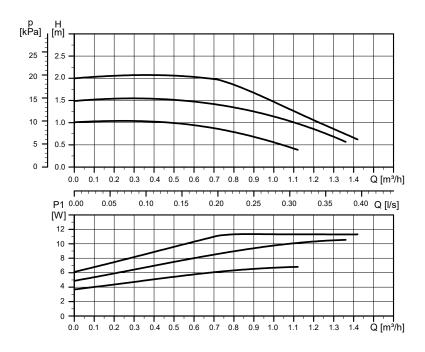
Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
25-70 130 N	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.1
25-70 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.2
32-70 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.4

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

UPM3(K) DHW 15-20 CIL3 PPS (GFNKB)



EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 7 W

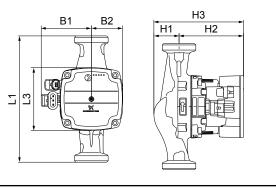
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	1 m	7 W
Curve 2	1.5 m	9 W
Curve 3	2 m	11 W

Pump settings							
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
3	-	-	-	-			

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]		
Min.	2	0.04		
Max.	12	0.14		

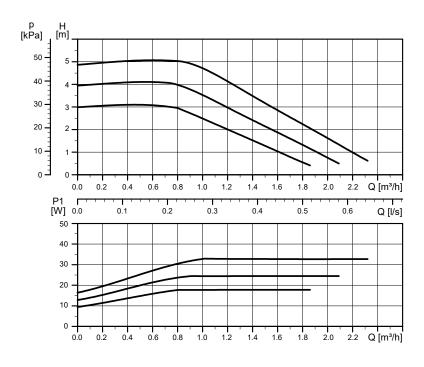
Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C Motor liquid protection temperature		No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval	VDE, CE, drinking water approvals			
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	KTW (DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)			

Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
i unip type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-20 CIL3 PPS	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

UPM3(K) DHW 15-50 CIL3 PPS (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 16 W

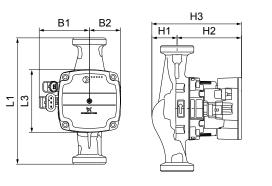
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	3 m	18 W
Curve 2	4 m	25 W
Curve 3	5 m	33 W

Pump settings						
PWM A	PWM C	PP	СР	CC		
3	-	-	-	-		

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]		
Min.	2	0.04		
Max.	33	0.34		

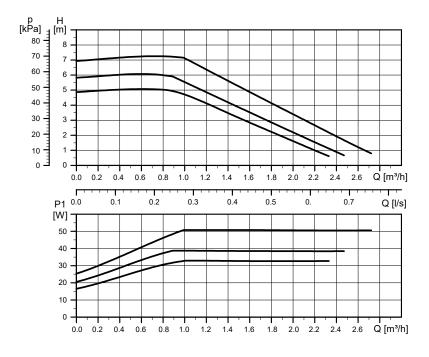
Technical data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	bar) at 95 °C Motor liquid protection			
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval	VDE, CE, drinking water approvals		
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	KTW (DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)		

Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
i ump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 CIL3 PPS	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

UPM3(K) DHW 15-70 CIL3 PPS (GFNKB)



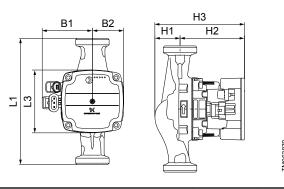
EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 23 W

Setting	Max. head _{non}	Max. P ₁	nom			
Curve 1	5 m		33 W			
Curve 2	6 m 39 W					
Curve 3	7 m		52 W			
	Pump set	tings				
PWM A	PWM C	PWM C PP				
3	_					

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]		
Min.	2	0.04		
Max.	52	0.52		

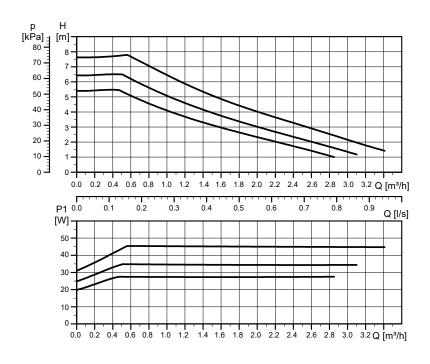
Technical data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval	VDE, CE, drinking water approvals				
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	KTW (DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)				

Dimensions



Bump tupo	Dimensions [mm]						Connections	Weight	
Pump type	L1	L3	В1	B2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 CIL3 PPS	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

UPM3(K) SOLAR XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 $P_{L,avg} \le 20 \text{ W}$

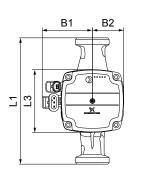
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5.5 m	28 W
Curve 2	6.5 m	35 W
Curve 3	7.5 m	45 W

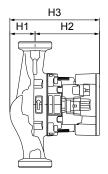
	Pump settings								
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC					
-	1	-	-	3					

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz								
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]						
Min.	2	0.04						
Max.	45	0.48						

	Technical data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IPX4D					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110) Max. 130 °C (60 °C ambient temperature)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

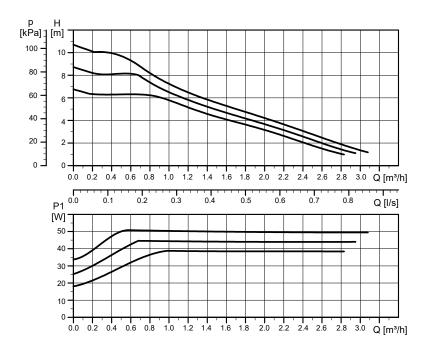
Dimensions





Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3 B1 B2 H1 H2 H3	[inch]	[kg]					
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

UPM3(K) SOLAR XX-105 130/180 (GFNKB)



EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 22 W

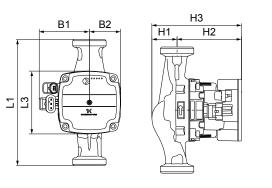
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	6.5 m	39 W
Curve 2	8.5 m	45 W
Curve 3	10.5 m	52 W
	Pump settings	

Pump settings									
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC					
-	1	-	-	3					

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]				
Min.	2	0.04				
Max.	52	0.52				

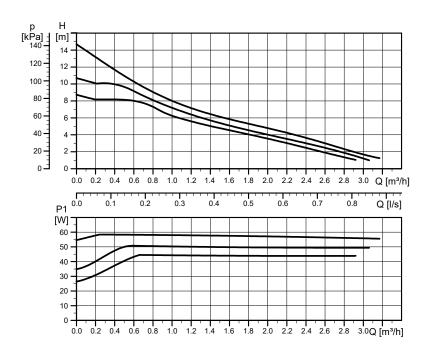
Technical data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IPX4D				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110) Max. 130 °C (60 °C ambient temperature)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE				

Dimensions



Pump type			Dim	ensio	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-105 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-105 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-105 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0

UPM3(K) SOLAR XX-145 130/180 (GFNKB)



EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 25 W

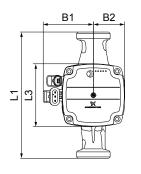
		Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	8.5 m	45 W
Curve 2	10.5 m	52 W
Curve 3	14.5 m	60 W

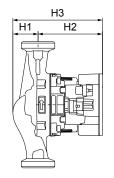
Pump settings						
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC		
-	1	-	-	3		

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	60	0.58			

Max.	60	0.58	
	Technical da	ta	
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IPX4D
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110) Max. 130 °C (60 °C ambient temperature)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE

Dimensions

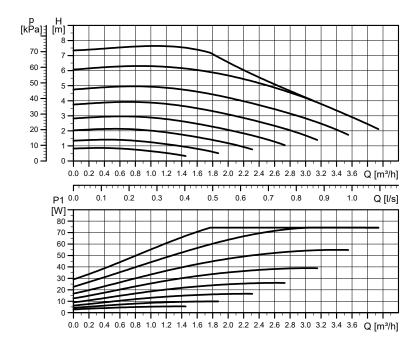




TM0638

Pump type			Dim	ensid	ons [m	ım]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-145 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-145 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-145 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0

UPM3L XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKC)

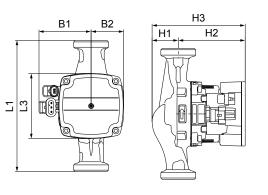


EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 32 W

Pump settings					
1 factory preset					
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed P ₁ [W] I _{1/1} [A]					
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	75	0.65			

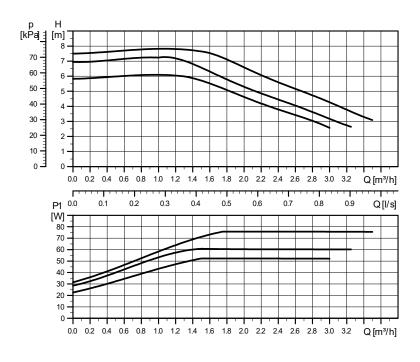
Max.	75	0.65					
	Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE				

Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	ns Weight	
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]	
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8	
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9	
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0	
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2	

UPM3L FLEX AS XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKC)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 32 W

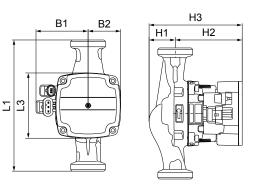
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	6	52
Curve 2	7	60
Curve 3	7.5	75
	Pump settings	

	Pump sett	ings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	СР	СС
3	-	-	-	-

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	75	0.65			

Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

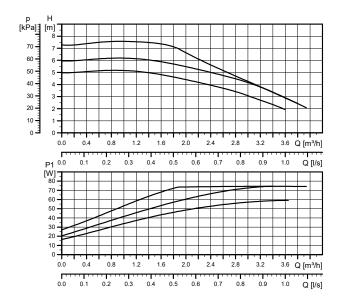
Dimensions



Pump type		Dimensions [mm]				Connections	Weight		
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see *UPM3L XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKC)*.

UPM3L AUTO XX-70 130/180 (N)



Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
	Constant pressure

EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 32 W

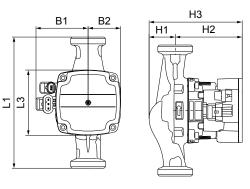
Setting	Max. head _r	nom	Max. P ₁	nom
Curve 1	5 m		60 W	
Curve 2	6 m		75 W	
Curve 3	7 m		75 W	
	Pump s	ettings		
D\A/N 4 A	DWM	DD	CD.	

	Pump	settings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	СР	CC
-	-	3/AA	3/AA	3

	Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 5	0 Hz
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]
Min.	2	0.04
Max.	75	0.65

Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

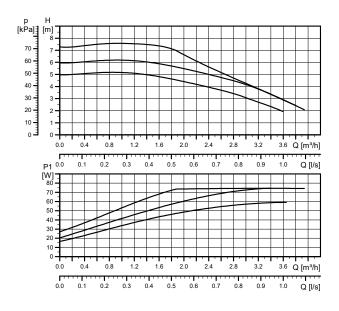
Dimensions



Dimensions

Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

UPM3L HYBRID XX-70 130/180 (N)



Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
	Constant pressure

EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 32 W

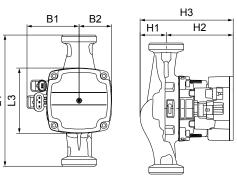
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	5 m	60 W
Curve 2	6 m	75 W
Curve 3	7 m	75 W

	Pump	settings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	СР	CC
3	3	3/AA	3/AA	3

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	2	0.04			
Max.	75	0.65			

Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

Dimensions

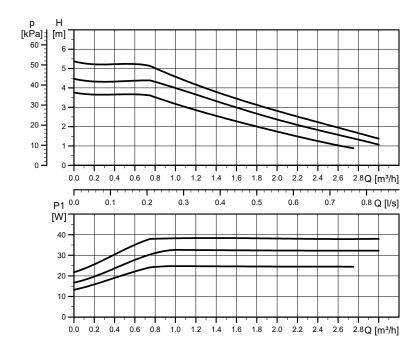


Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
	L1	L3	В1	В2	Н1	H2	Н3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

Data sheets

UPMO XX-50 130/180, UPMO 60 PH (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 20 W

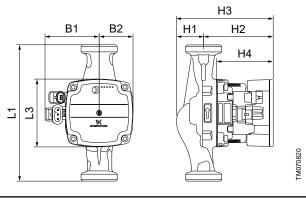
Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
Curve 1	3.5 m	24 W
Curve 2	4.5 m	32 W
Curve 3	5.5 m	39 W

	Pump settings						
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
3	-	-	-	3			

P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]
10	0.11
39	0.42
	10

Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

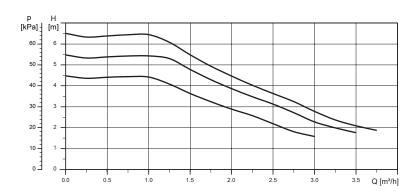
Dimensions



Pump			D	imer	nsions		Connections Weigh				
type	L1	L3	В1	B2	H1	H2	Н3	H4	[inch]	[kg]	
15-50 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8 xx	
25-50 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	1.9 xx	
25-50 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	2.0 xx	
60 PH	-	90	72	47	-	102	-	75.5	-	0.97 xx	

For PWM speed curves contact Grundfos HVAC OEM.

UPMO XX-60 130/180, UPMO 60 PH (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} ≤ 25 W

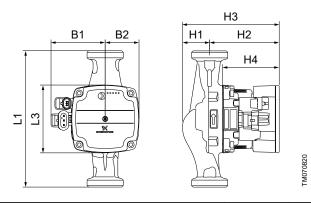
Curve 1 4.5 32 Curve 2 5.5 39	Setting	Max. head _{nom}	Max. P _{1 nom}
	Curve 1	4.5	32
0 0 05 50	Curve 2	5.5	39
Curve 3 6.5 52	Curve 3	6.5	52

	Pump set	tings		
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC
3	-	-	-	3

Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P ₁ [W]	I _{1/1} [A]			
Min.	4	0.06			
Max.	60	0.58			

	Technical data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

Dimensions

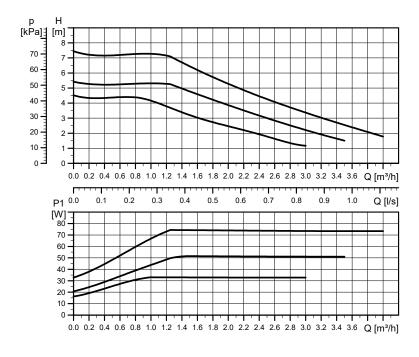


Pump			D	imer	sions	[mm]]		Connections	s Weight	
type	L1	L3	В1	В2	H1	H2	Н3	H4	[inch]	[kg]	
15-60 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8	
25-60 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	1.9	
25-60 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	2.0	
60 PH	-	90	72	47	-	102	-	75.5	-	0.97	

For PWM speed curves contact Grundfos HVAC OEM.

Data sheets

UPMO XX-70 130/180, UPMO 60 PH (GFNKC)

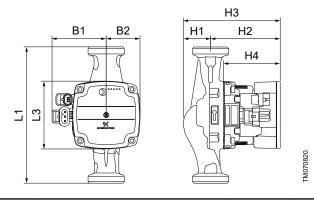


EEI \leq 0.20 Part 3 P_{L,avg} \leq 25 W

Setting	Max. head _{non}	Max. P ₁	nom			
Curve 1	5 m 32 W			٧		
Curve 2	6 m		51 W			
Curve 3	7 m		75 W			
Pump settings						
PWM A	PWM C	PWM C PP		СС		
3	-	-	-	3		
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P ₁ [W]		I _{1/1} [A]		
Min.	4	0.06	3			
Max.	75		0.65	5		

Technical data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]								Connections	Weight
	L1	L3	В1	B2	H1	H2	Н3	H4	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8 xx
25-70 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	1.9 xx
25-70 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	2.0 xx
60 PH	-	90	72	47	-	102	-	75.5	-	0.97 xx

For PWM speed curves contact Grundfos HVAC OEM.

18. Approvals and Certificates

EU declaration of conformity

We, Grundfos, declare under our sole responsibility that the products marked with GFNHB, GFNKB, GFNKC, GFNJB, GFNJC, GFNJD, GFNJF and GFNJG, to which the declaration below relates, are in conformity with the Council Directives listed below on the approximation of the laws of the EU member states:

- Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU).
 Standard used:
 EN 60335-1:2012/A11:2014/A13:2017, EN 60335-2-51:2003/A1:2008/A2:2012, EN 62233:2008
- EMC Directive (2014/30/EU)
 Standards used:
 EN 55014-1:2017, EN 55014-2:2015, EN 61000-3-2:2014, EN 61000-3-3:2013
- RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and 2015/863//EU Standard used: EN 50581:2012
- Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC)
 Commission Regulation (EC) No 641/2009
 Commission Regulation (EC) No 622/2012

Bjerringbro, 28th of November 2019

Steen Tøffner-Clausen Senior Director - HVAC OEM Grundfos Holding A/S Poul Due Jensens Vej 7

8850 Bjerringbro, Denmark

Person authorised to compile technical file and empowered to sign the EC/EU declaration of conformity.

Approvals and Certificates

VDE certificate

These pumps are certified by VDE.

Product code: GFNHB. GFNKB and GFNKC.

VDE certificate No. 40051307

This Marks Approval forms the basis of the CE declaration of conformity and the CE marking by the manufacturer or his agent and proves the conformity with the essential safety requirements of the EC Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) including amendments.

EurAsia conformity (EAC) certification

These pumps are certified by EAC and can be marked on request.

Drinking water approvals

UPM3 pumps for drinking water systems are equipped with stainless steel or CIL3 pump housings. These pumps hold the following approvals:

- ACS (France)
- WRAS (UK):

The metal components of the pumps comply to:

• UBA Evaluation Criteria for Metallic Materials (Germany)

Grundfos Product Chemical Compliance declaration concerning the non-use of certain chemical substances

GRUNDFOS Holding A/S and its subsidiaries are aware of their responsibilities and are committed not to use hazardous substances in their products.

Grundfos products manufactured and placed on the market within the European Union (EU) and the European Economic Area (EEA) comply with the following EU chemical legislation:

REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006)

Candidate List of SVHC

REACH Annex XIV - Authorisation List

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction List

- REACH Regulation; Candidate List of SVHC, Restriction List and Authorisation List (EC 1907/2006)
- RoHS directives (2011/65/EU and 2015/863/EU)
- Battery directives (2006/66/EC and 493/2012)
- Packaging and Packaging Waste directives (94/62/EC and 2004/12/EC)
- Ozone Depleting Substances directives (EC 1005/2009 and 2037/2000)
- Persistent Organic Pollutants directive (EC 850/2004)
- IMO (International Maritime Organization/Hong Kong Convention)

Today, Grundfos products are not fully covered by the RoHS directives.

The RoHS directives on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) will in 2019 apply to all EEE except for the ones explicitly excluded - see in the position paper from Europump what pumps are considered excluded. Reference is made to the position paper from Europump (http://europump.net/publications/position-papers).

Grundfos strives on a voluntary basis to be RoHS-compliant regarding the non-use of certain hazardous substances in Grundfos products.

All suppliers of the raw materials and components to Grundfos Holding A/S and its subsidiaries are under contractual obligation to comply with the European chemical legislation.

To ensure that Grundfos is compliant, we have taken the following initiatives:

 Grundfos has launched the Grundfos Focus List in order to give our suppliers, contractors and other relevant stakeholder worldwide a tool to help comply with chemical legislation. Grundfos has prepared the Grundfos Focus List, which bans or restricts the use of certain chemical substances in Grundfos products, Grundfos production processes and at Grundfos facilities (www.grundfos.com/focus-list)

- Grundfos has implemented an IT-platform to support the work of securing compliance with the Focus List and a better supplier collaboration to secure a high data quality and reliability.
- Grundfos continuously performs audits of their suppliers to ensure compliance with their contractual obligation to comply with the chemical legislation.
- Grundfos does not accept banned or restricted hazardous substances in their products. It is a standard task in product development projects to ensure that banned or restricted hazardous substances are not used.

REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006)

Information regarding REACH Candidate List of substances of very high concern for Authorisation

At Grundfos, we run our business in a responsible and ever more sustainable way. We are committed to creating products and solutions that help our customers and the surrounding world conserve natural resources and reduce climate impacts.

To give our suppliers, contractors and other relevant stakeholders worldwide a tool to help comply with this, we have devised the Grundfos Focus List, which bans or restricts the use of certain chemical substances in Grundfos products, Grundfos production processes and at Grundfos facilities.

The process set-out in Grundfos is to phase out the use of the substances of very high concern (SVHC) from the REACH Candidate List (www.echa.europa.eu/web/guest/candidate-list-table).

With the recent update of the REACH Candidate List of substances of very high concern for Authorisation as of 27.06.2018 where Lead; CAS No. 7439-92-1 has been added, we are making an exemption from our internal procedures, since a timely phase out is not possible.

Lead is only used in applications that are declared as exemptions in the EU RoHS Directive and the purpose of the RoHS Directive is to eliminate risk of harm:

- Copper alloy containing up to 4 % lead by weight (used in fittings, unions etc.)
- Lead as an alloying element in aluminum containing up to 0.4 % by weight (used in very few parts)
- Lead as an alloying element in steel for machining purposes and in galvanised steel containing up to 0.35 % lead by weight (used in very few parts)
- Lead in high melting temperature type solders (used electronic components)

At Grundfos, we are working closely together with our suppliers, and all our suppliers are contractually obliged to comply with the Grundfos Focus List, which is our Restricted Substance List: www.grundfos.com/focus-list.

Customer information regarding REACH, RoHS and other relevant chemical legislation and Grundfos' Product Chemical Compliance initiatives

GRUNDFOS Holding A/S and its subsidiaries are aware of their responsibilities and are committed not to use hazardous substances in their products.

We have introduced our Restricted Substance List – the Grundfos Focus List – as the backbone in our product chemical compliance work.

All our suppliers are contractually obliged to comply with the Focus List – no matter the placing of the goods.

To improve the compliance work and to improve the quality process linked to this work, we have also implemented a digital platform to not only secure a far better data quality in our work, but also secure a faster response to our customers in this regard.

The digital platform supports our ISO Management System and secures a robust process with a solid quality performance. All our suppliers are also contractually obliged to sign up to the system and provide compliance data within the system.

We comply with the standard EN 50581:2012 and technically document that we comply with the RoHS directives. This standard is also used in regards of all other legislations listed in the Focus List.

Grundfos continuously performs audits of their suppliers to ensure compliance with their contractual obligation to comply with the chemical legislation.

WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU

Statement regarding compliance of HVAC OEM pumps with WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU

Grundfos HVAC OEM circulators are delivered to OEM customers exclusively as components for integration into heating and cooling units (e.g. boilers) to be used to manufacture the final equipment. As Grundfos HVAC OEM circulators are designed and placed on the market as a component to be integrated into other EEE, the manufacturer of the full/combined product will be responsible for marking, any weight declaring, and takeback obligations for the full combined EEE under directive 2012/19/EU.

Any WEEE obligations will depend on the OEM customers use of the component. It is the responsibility of the OEM customer to assess whether the use of the component is within the scope of directive 2012/19/EU and if this equipment may or may not be affected by WEEE regulation and it is the responsibility of the OEM to report these volumes if affected.

Grundfos may – on request – mark HVAC OEM circulators with the WEEE crossed out wheelie bin, but this does not imply Grundfos taking any WEEE obligations.

19. Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Explanation				
°dH	Degree of German water hardness, replaced by the SI unit mmol/l. Conversion: 1 °dh = 0.1783 mmol/l				
AC	Alternating current				
ACS	Material safety approval required for materials and products in contact with drinking water in France (Attestation de Conformité Sanitaire)				
AUTO	Internally self-controlled pump mode				
AUTOADAPT	The control curve is automatically adapted to the actual requirements of the respective application.				
СС	Constant Curve, control mode limited by speed and power				
CE	CE marking is a certification mark that indicates conformity with health, safety, and environmental protection standards for products sold within the European Economic Area (EEA).				
CED	Cataphoretic coating (electrophoretically deposited paint, EDP); paintwork with high adhesive strength for long-lasting corrosion protection				
СР	Constant Pressure, control mode for constant differential pressure				
DC	Direct current				
DIN	German institute for standardisation (Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V.)				
DVGW	German association for gas and water (Deutscher Verein des Gas- und Wasserfaches)				
ECM technology	Electronically commutated motor with wet rotor encapsulation and glandless drive for high-efficiency pumps				
EEI	Energy Efficiency Index for pumps, defined by EN 16297				
EN	European standard adopted by CEN, CENELEC or ETSI				
ErP	Directive 2009/125/EC (formerly EuP, Ecodesign Directive 2005/32/EC) establishing a framework for the setting of environmentally-responsible requirements for energy-driven products				
ETL	Electrical Testing Laboratory by Intertek Group plc, certification institute for compliance with North American safety standards				
Н	Delivery head of pumps, related to the differential pressure				
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission for all electrical, electronic and related technologies				
IP	International Protection marking (IEC) or Ingress Protection marking, classifies and rates the degree of protection against intrusion, dust, accidental contact and water provided by mechanical casings and electrical enclosures				
KIWA	European institution for testing, inspection and certification, setting drinking water rules for the Netherlands				
KTW	German quality standard for rubber and plastic components in contact with drinking water (Kunststoffe in Kontakt mit Trinkwasser)				
LIN	Serial communications (bus) protocol (Local Interconnect Network reg. ISO 17987-3)(VDMA 24226 defines protocol for pumps)				
N	Stainless-steel housing (NIRO)				
NTC	Thermistor with negative temperature coefficient, used as inrush current limiter				

Abbreviation	Explanation					
P L, avg	Weighted average power input of a pump on a reference profile reg. EN 16297					
P1	Power consumption (power supply input)					
PN	Pressure class in bar (PN10 = suitable up to 10 bar)					
PP	Proportional Pressure, control mode for variable differential pressure					
PWM	Digital low-voltage control signal with pulse-width modulation for external control (VDMA 24244 defines control signals for wet-runner circulating pumps)					
Q	Volume flow in hydronic systems					
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (EC 1907/2006)					
RoHS	Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS1) (European directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment)					
TF	Temperature classification of circulation pumps reg. EN 60335-2-51					
UL	Certification institute for compliance to North American safety standards (Underwriters Laboratories)					
UBA	German Environment Agency (Umweltbundesamt), defines mandatory evaluation criteria for materials and substances that come into contact with drinking water					
VBAT	Supply voltage of bus signal (Voltage of Battery)					
VDC	Analog low-voltage-signal 0-10 V DC input for exte control					
VDE	German association of electrotechnology, electronics and information technology (Verband der Elektrotechnik, Elektronik und Informationstechnik)					
VDI	Association of German engineers (Verein Deutscher Ingenieure)					
VDMA	Mechanical engineering industry association in Germany (Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau)					
VOB	German regulation on conditions for the award and conclusion of works contracts (Vergabe- und Vertragsordnung für Bauleistungen)					
WEEE	European Community Directive 2012/19/EU on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment					
WRAS	Water Regulation Advisory Scheme for drinking water treatment devices in the UK and Northern Ireland					

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Argentina

Bombas GRUNDFOS de Argentina S.A. Ruta Panamericana km. 37.500 Centro Industrial Garin
1619 - Garín Pcia. de B.A

Tel.: +54-3327 414 444 Fax: +54-3327 45 3190

Australia

GRUNDFOS Pumps Pty. Ltd. P.O. Box 2040 Regency Park South Australia 5942 Tel.: +61-8-8461-4611 Fax: +61-8-8340-0155

Austria

GRUNDFOS Pumpen Vertrieb Ges.m.b.H. Grundfosstraße 2 A-5082 Grödig/Salzburg Tel.: +43-6246-883-0 Fax: +43-6246-883-30

Belgium

N.V. GRUNDFOS Bellux S.A. Boomsesteenweg 81-83 B-2630 Aartselaar Tel.: +32-3-870 7300 Fax: +32-3-870 7301

Belarus

Представительство ГРУНДФОС в Минске 220125, Минск ул. Шафарнянская, 11, оф. 56, БЦ «Порт»

Тел.: +375 17 397 397 3 +375 17 397 397 4 Факс: +375 17 397 397 1 E-mail: minsk@grundfos.com

Bosnia and Herzegovina

GRUNDFOS Sarajevo Zmaja od Bosne 7-7A BiH-71000 Sarajevo Tel.: +387 33 592 480 Fax: +387 33 590 465 www.ba.grundfos.com E-mail: grundfos@bih.net.ba

BOMBAS GRUNDFOS DO BRASIL Av. Humberto de Alencar Castelo Branco. CEP 09850 - 300

São Bernardo do Campo - SP Tel.: +55-11 4393 5533 Fax: +55-11 4343 5015

Bulgaria

Grundfos Bulgaria EOOD Slatina District Iztochna Tangenta street no. 100 BG - 1592 Sofia Tel.: +359 2 49 22 200 Fax: +359 2 49 22 201 E-mail: bulgaria@grundfos.bg

Canada

GRUNDFOS Canada Inc. 2941 Brighton Road Oakville, Ontario L6H 6C9 Tel.: +1-905 829 9533 Fax: +1-905 829 9512

China

GRUNDFOS Pumps (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. OF The Hub, No. 33 Suhong Road Minhang District Shanghai 201106 PRC Tell: +86 21 612 252 22 Fax: +86 21 612 253 33

Columbia

GRUNDFOS Colombia S.A.S. Km 1.5 vía Siberia-Cota Conj. Potrero Parque Empresarial Arcos de Cota Bod. 1A.

Cota, Cundinamarca Tel.: +57(1)-2913444 Fax: +57(1)-8764586

Croatia

GRUNDFOS CROATIA d.o.o. Buzinski prilaz 38, Buzin HR-10010 Zagreb Tel.: +385 1 6595 400 Fax: +385 1 6595 499 www.hr.grundfos.com

Czech Republic

GRUNDFOS Sales Czechia and Slovakia 779 00 Olomouc Tel.: +420-585-716 111

Denmark

GRUNDFOS DK A/S Martin Bachs Vej 3 DK-8850 Bjerringbro Tel.: +45-87 50 50 50 Fax: +45-87 50 51 51 E-mail: info_GDK@grundfos.com www.grundfos.com/DK

EstoniaGRUNDFOS Pumps Eesti OÜ Peterburi tee 92G 11415 Tallinn Tel.: + 372 606 1690 Fax: + 372 606 1691

Finland

OY GRUNDFOS Pumput AB Trukkikuja 1 FI-01360 Vantaa Tel.: +358-(0) 207 889 500

France

Pompes GRUNDFOS Distribution S.A. Parc d'Activités de Chesnes 57, rue de Malacombe F-38290 St. Quentin Fallavier (Lyon) Tel.: +33-4 74 82 15 15 Fax: +33-4 74 94 10 51

Germany GRUNDFOS GMBH Schlüterstr. 33 Schiuterstr. 33 40699 Erkrath Tel.: +49-(0) 211 929 69-0 Fax: +49-(0) 211 929 69-3799 E-mail: infoservice@grundfos.de Service in Deutschland: kundendienst@grundfos.de

Greece

GRUNDFOS Hellas A.E.B.E. 20th km. Athinon-Markopoulou Av. P.O. Box 71 GR-19002 Peania Tel.: +0030-210-66 83 400 Fax: +0030-210-66 46 273

Hong Kong GRUNDFOS Pumps (Hong Kong) Ltd. Unit 1, Ground floor, Siu Wai Industrial Unit 1, Ground floor, Siu Wai Industrial Centre 29-33 Wing Hong Street & 68 King Lam Street, Cheung Sha Wan Kowloon

Tel.: +852-27861706 / 27861741 Fax: +852-27858664

Hungary GRUNDFOS Hungária Kft. Tópark u. 8 H-2045 Törökbálint Tel.: +36-23 511 110 Fax: +36-23 511 111

India

GRUNDFOS Pumps India Private Limited 118 Old Mahabalipuram Road Thoraipakkam Chennai 600 097 Tel.: +91-44 2496 6800

Indonesia

PT GRUNDFOS Pompa Graha Intirub Lt. 2 & 3 Jln. Cililitan Besar No.454. Makasar, Jakarta Timur ID-Jakarta 13650 Tel.: +62 21-469-51900 Fax: +62 21-460 6910 / 460 6901

Ireland

GRUNDFOS (Ireland) Ltd. Unit A, Merrywell Business Park Ballymount Road Lower Dublin 12 Tel.: +353-1-4089 800 Fax: +353-1-4089 830

Italy
GRUNDFOS Pompe Italia S.r.l. Via Gran Sasso 4 I-20060 Truccazzano (Milano) Tel.: +39-02-95838112 Fax: +39-02-95309290 / 95838461 Japan

GRUNDFOS Pumps K.K. 1-2-3, Shin-Miyakoda, Kita-ku Hamamatsu 431-2103 Japan Tel.: +81 53 428 4760 Fax: +81 53 428 5005

Korea

GRUNDFOS Pumps Korea Ltd. 6th Floor, Aju Building 679-5 Yeoksam-dong, Kangnam-ku, 135-916 Seoul, Korea Tel.: +82-2-5317 600 Fax: +82-2-5633 725

Latvia

SIA GRUNDFOS Pumps Latvia Deglava biznesa centrs Augusta Deglava ielā 60 LV-1035, Rīga, Tel.: + 371 714 9640, 7 149 641 Fax: + 371 914 9646

Lithuania GRUNDFOS Pumps UAB Smolensko g. 6 LT-03201 Vilnius Tel.: + 370 52 395 430 Fax: + 370 52 395 431

Malaysia

GRUNDFOS Pumps Sdn. Bhd. 7 Jalan Peguam U1/25 Glenmarie Industrial Park 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Tel.: +60-3-5569 2922 Fax: +60-3-5569 2866

Mexico

Mexico
Bombas GRUNDFOS de México
S.A. de C.V.
Boulevard TLC No. 15
Parque Industrial Stiva Aeropuerto Apodaca, N.L. 66600 Tel.: +52-81-8144 4000 Fax: +52-81-8144 4010

Netherlands GRUNDFOS Netherlands

Veluwezoom 35 1326 AE Almere Postbus 22015 1302 CA ALMERE Tel.: +31-88-478 6336 Fax: +31-88-478 6332 E-mail: info_gnl@grundfos.com

New Zealand

GRUNDFOS Pumps NZ Ltd. 17 Beatrice Tinsley Crescent North Harbour Industrial Estate Albany, Auckland Tel.: +64-9-415 3240 Fax: +64-9-415 3250

Norway GRUNDFOS Pumper A/S Strømsveien 344 Postboks 235, Leirdal N-1011 Oslo Tel.: +47-22 90 47 00 Fax: +47-22 32 21 50

Poland

GRUNDFOS Pompy Sp. z o.o. Ul. Klonowa 23 Baranowo k. Poznania PL-62-081 Przeźmierowo Tel.: (+48-61) 650 13 00 Fax: (+48-61) 650 13 50

Portugal

Bombas GRUNDFOS Portugal, S.A. Rua Calvet de Magalhães, 241 Apartado 1079 P-2770-153 Paço de Arcos Tel.: +351-21-440 76 00 Fax: +351-21-440 76 90

Romania GRUNDFOS Pompe România SRL Bd. Biruintei, nr 103 Pantelimon county Ilfov Tel.: +40 21 200 4100 Fax: +40 21 200 4101 E-mail: romania@grundfos.ro

Russia

ООО Грундфос Россия ул. Школьная, 39-41 Москва, RU-109544, Russia Тел. (+7) 495 564-88-00 (495) 737-30-00 Факс (+7) 495 564 8811 E-mail grundfos.moscow@grundfos.com

Serbia

Grundfos Srbija d.o.o. Omladinskih brigada 90b 11070 Novi Beograd Tel.: +381 11 2258 740 Fax: +381 11 2281 769 www.rs.grundfos.com

Singapore GRUNDFOS (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. 25 Jalan Tukang Singapore 619264 Tel.: +65-6681 9688 Faxax: +65-6681 9689

Slovakia

GRUNDFOS s.r.o. Prievozská 4D 821 09 BRATISLAVA Tel.: +421 2 5020 1426 sk.grundfos.com

Slovenia

GRUNDFOS LJUBLJANA, d.o.o. Leskoškova 9e, 1122 Ljubljana Tel.: +386 (0) 1 568 06 10 Fax: +386 (0)1 568 06 19 E-mail: tehnika-si@grundfos.com

South Africa GRUNDFOS (PTY) LTD 16 Lascelles Drive, Meadowbrook Estate 1609 Germiston, Johannesburg Tel.: (+27) 10 248 6000 Fax: (+27) 10 248 6002 E-mail: lgradidge@grundfos.com

Spain

Bombas GRUNDFOS España S.A. Camino de la Fuentecilla, s/n E-28110 Algete (Madrid) Tel.: +34-91-848 8800 Fax: +34-91-628 0465

Sweden

GRUNDFOS AB Box 333 (Lunnagårdsgatan 6) 431 24 Mölndal Tel.: +46 31 332 23 000 Fax: +46 31 331 94 60

Switzerland

GRUNDFOS Pumpen AG Bruggacherstrasse 10 CH-8117 Fällanden/ZH Tel.: +41-44-806 8111 Fax: +41-44-806 8115

Taiwan

GRUNDFOS Pumps (Taiwan) Ltd. 7 Floor, 219 Min-Chuan Road Taichung, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel.: +886-4-2305 0868 Fax: +886-4-2305 0878

Thailand

GRUNDFOS (Thailand) Ltd. 92 Chaloem Phrakiat Rama 9 Road Dokmai, Pravej, Bangkok 10250 Tel.: +66-2-725 8999 Fax: +66-2-725 8998

TurkeyGRUNDFOS POMPA San. ve Tic. Ltd. Sti. Gebze Organize Sanayi Bölgesi Ihsan dede Caddesi 2. yol 200. Sokak No. 204 41490 Gebze/ Kocaeli Tel.: +90 - 262-679 7979 Fax: +90 - 262-679 7905 E-mail: satis@grundfos.com

Ukraine Бізнес Центр Європа Столичне шосе, 103 м. Київ, 03131, Україна Tel.: (+38 044) 237 04 00 Fax: (+38 044) 237 04 01 E-mail: ukraine@grundfos.com

United Arab Emirates GRUNDFOS Gulf Distribution

P.O. Box 16768 Jebel Ali Free Zone, Dubai Tel.: +971 4 8815 166 Fax: +971 4 8815 136

United Kingdom

GRUNDFOS Pumps Ltd. Grovebury Road Leighton Buzzard/Beds. LU7 4TL Tel.: +44-1525-850000 Fax: +44-1525-850011

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U.S.A. GRUNDFOS Pumps Corporation 9300 Loiret Boulevard Lenexa, Kansas 66219 USA Tel.: +1 913 227 3400 Fax: +1 913 227 3500

Uzbekistan
Grundfos Tashkent, Uzbekistan
The Representative Office of Grundfos
Kazakhstan in Uzbekistan
38a, Oybek street, Tashkent
Tel.: (+998) 71 150 3290 / 71 150 3291
Fax: (+998) 71 150 3292

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